CELTIC INSURANCE COMPANY

Home Office: 233 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606-6393 1-800-477-7870

Major Medical Expense Insurance Policy

In this *policy, "you"* or *"your"* will refer to the *covered person* named on the Schedule of Benefits, and *"we," "our,"* or *"us"* will refer to Celtic Insurance Company.

AGREEMENT AND CONSIDERATION

We issued this *policy* in consideration of the application and the payment of the first premium. A copy of *your* application is attached and is made a part of the *policy*. We will pay benefits to *you*, the *covered person*, for covered *loss* due to *illness* or bodily *injury* as outlined in this *policy*. Benefits are subject to *policy* definitions, provisions, limitations and exclusions.

GUARANTEED RENEWABLE

You may keep this *policy* in force by timely payment of the required premiums. However, we may refuse renewal if: (1) we refuse to renew all policies issued on this form, to residents of the state where you then live; or (2) due to fraud by or with the knowledge of a *covered person* in filing a claim for *policy* benefits.

From time to time, we will change the rate table used for this *policy* form. Each premium will be based on the rate table in effect on that premium's due date. The policy plan, and age of *covered persons*, type and level of benefits, and place of residence on the premium due date are some of the factors used in determining *your* premium rates. We have the right to change premiums.

At least 31 days notice of any plan to take an action or make a change permitted by this clause will be delivered to *you* at *your* last address as shown in *our* records. *We* will make no change in *your* premium solely because of claims made under this *policy* or a change in a *covered person's* health. While this *policy* is in force, *we* will not restrict coverage already in force.

As a cost containment feature, this policy contains prior authorization requirements. Benefits may be reduced or not covered if the requirements are not met. Please refer to the Schedule of Benefits and the Prior Authorization Section.

This (policy or certificate) is not a medicare supplement (policy or certificate). If you are eligible for medicare, review the "Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare" available from the company."

NOTICE: IF YOU OR YOUR FAMILY MEMBERS ARE COVERED BY MORE THAN ONE HEALTH CARE PLAN, YOU MAY NOT BE ABLE TO COLLECT BENEFITS FROM BOTH PLANS. EACH PLAN MAY REQUIRE YOU TO FOLLOW ITS RULES OR USE SPECIFIC DOCTORS AND HOSPITALS, AND IT MAY BE IMPOSSIBLE TO COMPLY WITH BOTH PLANS AT THE SAME TIME. READ ALL OF THE RULES VERY CAREFULLY, INCLUDING THE COORDINATION OF BENEFITS SECTION, AND COMPARE THEM WITH THE RULES OF ANY OTHER PLAN THAT COVERS YOU OR YOUR FAMILY.

TEN DAY RIGHT TO RETURN POLICY

Please read your *policy* carefully. If you are not satisfied, return this *policy* to us or to our agent within 10 days after you receive it. All premiums paid will be refunded, less claims paid, and the *policy* will be considered null and void from the effective date.

Celtic Insurance Company

Anand Shukla SVP, Individual Health – Celtic Insurance Company

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DEFINITIONS

In this *policy*, italicized words are defined. Words not italicized will be given their ordinary meaning.

Wherever used in this *policy*:

Acute rehabilitation means two or more different types of therapy provided by one or more *rehabilitation medical practitioners* and performed for three or more hours per day, five to seven days per week, while the covered person is confined as an inpatient in a hospital, rehabilitation facility, or *extended care facility*.

Adverse benefit determination means a decision by a health plan issuer:

- (1) To deny, reduce, or terminate a requested health care service or payment in whole or in part, including all of the following:
 - (a) A determination that the health care service does not meet *our* requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, or effectiveness, including experimental or investigational treatments;
 - (b) A determination of *your* eligibility for individual health insurance coverage, including coverage offered to individuals through a nonemployer group, to participate in a plan or health insurance coverage;
 - (c) A determination that a health care service is not a covered benefit;
 - (d) The imposition of an exclusion, including exclusions for pre-existing conditions, source of injury, network, or any other limitation on benefits that would otherwise be covered.
- (2) Not to issue individual health insurance coverage to an applicant, including coverage offered to individuals through a nonemployer group;
- (3) To rescind coverage on a health benefit plan.

Allogeneic bone marrow transplant or **BMT** means a procedure in which bone marrow from a related or non-related donor is infused into the transplant recipient and includes peripheral blood stem cell transplants.

Autologous bone marrow transplant or **ABMT** means a procedure in which the bone marrow infused is derived from the same person who is the transplant recipient and includes peripheral blood stem cell transplants.

Bereavement counseling means counseling of *covered persons* of a deceased person's *immediate family* that is designed to aid them in adjusting to the person's death.

Calendar Year is the period beginning on the initial effective date of this *policy* and ending December 31 of that year. For each following year it is the period from January 1 through December 31.

Center of Excellence means a *hospital* that:

- 1. Specializes in a specific type or types of *listed transplants* or other services such as cancer, bariatric or infertility; and
- 2. Has agreed with *us* or an entity designated by *us* to meet quality of care criteria on a cost efficient basis. The fact that a *hospital* is a *network provider* does not mean it is a *Center of Excellence*.

Chiropractic Care involves neuromuscular treatment in the form of manipulation and adjustment of the tissues of the body, particularly of the spinal column and may include physical medicine modalities or use of *durable medical equipment*.

Coinsurance is the percentage of covered expenses that must be paid by *you* after the *deductible*. This percentage is shown on the Schedule of Benefits.

Complications of pregnancy means:

- 1. Conditions whose diagnoses are distinct from pregnancy, but are adversely affected by pregnancy or are caused by pregnancy and not, from a medical viewpoint, associated with a normal pregnancy. This includes: ectopic pregnancy, spontaneous abortion, eclampsia, missed abortion, and similar medical and surgical conditions of comparable severity; but it does not include: false labor, preeclampsia, edema, prolonged labor, physician prescribed rest during the period of pregnancy, morning sickness, and conditions of comparable severity associated with management of a difficult pregnancy, and not constituting a medically classifiable distinct complication of pregnancy.
- 2. An emergency caesarean section or a non-elective caesarean section.

Continuous loss means that *covered service expenses* are continuously and routinely being incurred for the active treatment of an *illness* or *injury*. The first *covered service expense* for the *illness* or *injury* must have been incurred before coverage of the *covered person* ceased under this *policy*. Whether or not *covered service expenses* are being incurred for the active treatment of the covered *illness* or *injury* will be determined by *us* based on generally accepted current medical practice.

Copayment amount means the amount of *covered services* that must be paid by a *covered person* for each service that is subject to a *copayment amount* (as shown in the Schedule of Benefits), before benefits are payable for remaining *covered services* for that particular service under the *policy* application of any *cost sharing* percentage.

Cosmetic treatment means treatments, procedures, or services that change or improve appearance without significantly improving physiological function and without regard to any asserted improvement to the psychological consequences or socially avoidant behavior resulting from an *injury*, *illness*, or congenital anomaly.

Covered person means you, your lawful spouse and each eligible child:

- 1. Named in the application; or
- 2. Whom we agree in writing to add as a covered person.

Covered service or covered service expenses means services, supplies or treatment as described in this *policy* which are performed, prescribed, directed or authorized by a *physician*. To be a *covered service* the service, supply or treatment must be

- 1. Provided or incurred while the *covered person's* coverage is in force under this *policy*;
- 2. Covered by a specific benefit provision of this *policy*; and
- 3. Not excluded anywhere in this *policy*.

Custodial Care is treatment designed to assist a *covered person* with activities of daily living and which can be provided by a layperson and not necessarily aimed at curing or assisting in recovery from a sickness or bodily injury.

Custodial care includes (but is not limited to) the following:

- 1. Personal care such as assistance in walking, getting in and out of bed, dressing, bathing, feeding and use of toilet:
- 2. Preparation and administration of special diets;
- 3. Supervision of the administration of medication by a caregiver;
- 4. Supervision of self-administration of medication; or
- 5. Programs and therapies involving or described as, but not limited to, convalescent care, rest care, sanatoria care, educational care or recreational care.

Deductible amount means the amount of covered expenses, shown in the Schedule of Benefits, that must actually be paid during any calendar year before any benefits are payable. The family *deductible amount* is two times the individual *deductible amount*. For family coverage, once a *covered person* has met the individual *deductible amount*, the remainder of the family *deductible amount* can be met with the combination of any one or more covered persons' eligible expenses.

The deductible amount does not include any copayment amounts.

Dental services means *surgery* or services provided to diagnose, prevent, or correct any ailments or defects of the teeth and supporting tissue and any related supplies or oral appliances. Expenses for such treatment are considered *dental services* regardless of the reason for the services.

Dependent means your spouse and/or an eligible child.

Durable medical equipment means items that are used to serve a specific diagnostic or therapeutic purpose in the treatment of an *illness* or *injury*, can withstand repeated use, are generally not useful to a person in the absence of *illness* or *injury*, and are appropriate for use in the patient's home.

Effective date means the applicable date a *covered person* becomes covered under this *policy* for *illness* or *injury*.

Eligible cancer clinical trial means a cancer clinical trial that meets all of the following criteria:

- a. A purpose of the trial is to test whether the intervention potentially improves the trial participant's health outcomes.
- b. The treatment provided as part of the trial is given with the intention of improving the trial participant's health outcomes.
- c. The trial has a therapeutic intent and is not designed exclusively to test toxicity or disease pathophysiology.
- d. The trial does one of the following:
 - i. Tests how to administer a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer:
 - ii. Tests responses to a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer;
 - iii. Compares the effectiveness of a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer with that of other health care services, items, or drugs for the treatment of cancer:
 - iv. Studies new uses of a health care service, item, or drug for the treatment of cancer.
- e. The trial is approved by one of the following entities:

- i. The national institutes of health or one of its cooperative groups or centers under the United States department of health and human services;
- ii. The United States food and drug administration;
- iii. The United States department of defense;
- iv. The United States department of veterans' affairs.

Eligible child means *your* or *your spouse's* child, if that child is less than 26 years of age or age 28 under certain circumstances as shown in the Ongoing Eligibility section. As used in this definition, "child" means:

- 1. A natural child:
- 2. A legally adopted child;
- 3. A stepchild;
- 4. A child placed with you for adoption; or
- 5. A child for whom legal guardianship has been awarded to *you* or *your spouse*. It is *your* responsibility to notify *us* if *your* child ceases to be an *eligible child*. *You* must reimburse *us* for any benefits that *we* provide or pay for a child at a time when the child did not qualify as an *eligible child*.

Eligible service expense means a *covered service* as determined below.

- 1. For *network providers:* When a *covered service* is received from a *network provider*, the *eligible service expense* is the contracted fee with that provider.
- 2. For non-network providers:
 - a. When a covered service is received from a non-network provider as a result of an emergency or;
 - b. as otherwise approved by *us*, the *eligible service expense* is the greater of the amount that would be paid under Medicare or the amount negotiated with in-network providers for the *covered service*. If there is more than one amount negotiated with in-network providers for the *covered service*, the amount is the median of these amounts

When a *covered service expense* is received from a non-*network provider* because the service or supply is not of a type provided by any *network provider*, the *eligible service expense* is the greater of the amount that would be paid under Medicare or the amount negotiated with in-network providers for the *covered service*. If there is more than one amount negotiated with in-network providers for the *covered service*, the amount is the median of these amounts.

Emergency means a medical condition manifesting itself by such acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) that a prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:

- 1. Placing the health of the *covered person* (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy;
- 2. Serious impairment to bodily functions; or
- 3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

Emergency Care means a medical screening examination that is within the capability of the emergency department of a *hospital*, including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate an *emergency* condition; and within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the *hospital*, such further medical examination and treatment that are required by federal law to stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Essential Health Benefits provided within this Certificate are not subject to lifetime or annual dollar

maximums. Certain non-essential health benefits, however, are subject to either a lifetime and/or annual dollar maximum. Essential Health Benefits are defined by federal law and refer to benefits in at least the following categories: Ambulatory patient services, Emergency services, Hospitalization, Maternity and newborn care, Mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment, Prescription drugs, Rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices, Laboratory services, Preventive and wellness services, and Chronic disease management and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

Experimental or **investigational treatment** means medical, surgical, diagnostic, or other health care services, treatments, procedures, technologies, supplies, devices, drug therapies, or medications that, after consultation with a medical professional, we determine to be:

- 1. Under study in an ongoing phase I or II clinical trial as set forth in the United States Food and Drug Administration ("USFDA") regulation, regardless of whether the trial is subject to USFDA oversight.
- 2. An unproven service.
- 3. Subject to *USFDA* approval, and:
 - a. It does not have *USFDA* approval;
 - b. It has *USFDA* approval only under its Treatment Investigational New Drug regulation or a similar regulation; or
 - c. It has *USFDA* approval, but is being used for an indication or at a dosage that is not an accepted off-label use. An accepted off-label use of a *USFDA*-approved drug is a use that is determined by us to be:
 - i. Included in authoritative compendia as identified from time to time by the Secretary of Health and Human Services:
 - ii. Safe and effective for the proposed use based on supportive clinical evidence in peer-reviewed medical publications; or
 - iii. Not an unproven service; or
 - d. It has *USFDA* approval, but is being used for a use, or to treat a condition, that is not listed on the Premarket Approval issued by the *USFDA* or has not been determined through peer reviewed medical literature to treat the medical condition of the *covered person*.
- 4. Experimental or investigational according to the provider's research protocols.

Items (3) and (4) above do not apply to phase III or IV *USFDA* clinical trials. Benefits are available for routine care costs that are incurred in the course of a clinical trial if the services provided are otherwise Covered Services under this Policy.

Extended care facility means an institution, or a distinct part of an institution, that:

- 1. Is licensed as a *hospital*, *extended care facility*, or *rehabilitation facility* by the state in which it operates;
- 2. Is regularly engaged in providing 24-hour skilled nursing care under the regular supervision of a *physician* and the direct supervision of a registered nurse;
- 3. Maintains a daily record on each patient;
- 4. Has an effective utilization review plan;
- 5. Provides each patient with a planned program of observation prescribed by a physician; and
- 6. Provides each patient with active treatment of an *illness* or *injury*, in accordance with existing standards of medical practice for that condition.

Extended care facility does not include a facility primarily for rest, the aged, treatment of substance abuse, custodial care, nursing care, or for care of mental disorders or the mentally incompetent.

Generally accepted standards of medical practice are standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, relying primarily on controlled clinical trials.

If no credible scientific evidence is available, then standards that are based on physician specialty society recommendations or professional standards of care may be considered. *We* reserve the right to consult medical professionals in determining whether a health care service, supply, or drug is *medically necessary* and is a *covered service* under the *policy*. The decision to apply physician specialty society recommendations, the choice of medical professional, and the determination of when to use any such opinion, will be determined by *us*.

Grievance means any dissatisfaction with an insurer offering a health benefit plan or administration of a health benefit plan by the insurer that is expressed in writing in any form to the insurer by, or on behalf of, a claimant including any of the following:

- 1. Provision of services:
- 2. Determination to reform or rescind a policy;
- 3. Determination of a diagnosis or level of service required for evidence-based treatment of autism spectrum disorders; and
- 4. Claims practices.

Habilitation means ongoing, *medically necessary*, therapies provided to patients with developmental disabilities and similar conditions who need habilitation therapies to achieve functions and skills never before acquired, including services and devices that improve, maintain, and lessen the deterioration of a patient's functional status over a lifetime and on a treatment continuum.

Home health aide services means those services provided by a home health aide employed by a *home health* care agency and supervised by a registered nurse, which are directed toward the personal care of a covered person.

Home health care means care or treatment of an *illness* or *injury* at the *covered person's* home that is:

- 1. Provided by a home health care agency; and
- 2. Prescribed and supervised by a *physician*.

Home health care agency means a public or private agency, or one of its subdivisions, that:

- 1. Operates pursuant to law as a home health care agency;
- 2. Is regularly engaged in providing *home health care* under the regular supervision of a registered nurse;
- 3. Maintains a daily medical record on each patient; and
- 4. Provides each patient with a planned program of observation and treatment by a *physician*, in accordance with existing standards of medical practice for the *injury* or *illness* requiring the *home health care*.

Hospice means an institution that:

- 1. Provides a hospice care program;
- 2. Is separated from or operated as a separate unit of a *hospital*, *hospital*-related institution, *home health care agency*, mental health facility, *extended care facility*, or any other licensed health care institution;
- 3. Provides care for the terminally ill; and
- 4. Is licensed by the state in which it operates.

Hospice care program means a coordinated, interdisciplinary program prescribed and supervised by a *physician* to meet the special physical, psychological, and social needs of a *terminally ill covered person* and those of his or her *immediate family*.

Hospital means an institution that:

- 1. Operates as a *hospital* pursuant to law;
- 2. Operates primarily for the reception, care, and treatment of sick or injured persons as *inpatients*;
- 3. Provides 24-hour nursing service by registered nurses on duty or call;
- 4. Has staff of one or more *physicians* available at all times;
- 5. Provides organized facilities and equipment for diagnosis and treatment of acute medical, surgical, or mental conditions either on its premises or in facilities available to it on a prearranged basis; and
- 6. Is not primarily a long-term care facility; an *extended care facility*, nursing, rest, *custodial care*, or convalescent home; a halfway house, transitional facility, or *residential treatment facility*; a place for the aged, drug addicts, alcoholics, or runaways; a facility for wilderness or outdoor programs; or a similar establishment.

While confined in a separate identifiable *hospital* unit, section, or ward used primarily as a nursing, rest, *custodial care* or convalescent home, *rehabilitation facility, extended care facility,* or *residential treatment facility,* halfway house, or transitional facility, a *covered person* will be deemed not to be confined in a *hospital* for purposes of this *policy*.

Illness means a sickness, disease, or disorder of a *covered person*. *Illness* does not include learning disabilities, attitudinal disorders, or disciplinary problems. All *illnesses* that exist at the same time and that are due to the same or related causes are deemed to be one *illness*. Further, if an *illness* is due to causes that are the same as, or related to, the causes of a prior *illness*, the *illness* will be deemed a continuation or recurrence of the prior *illness* and not a separate *illness*.

Immediate family means the parents, *spouse*, children, or siblings of any *covered person*, or any person residing with a *covered person*.

Injury means accidental bodily damage sustained by a *covered person* and inflicted on the body by an external force. All *injuries* due to the same accident are deemed to be one *injury*.

Inpatient means that medical services, supplies, or treatment are received by a person who is an overnight resident patient of a *hospital* or other facility, using and being charged for room and board.

Intensive care unit means a Cardiac Care Unit, or other unit or area of a *hospital* that meets the required standards of the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals for Special Care Units.

Intensive day rehabilitation means two or more different types of therapy provided by one or more *rehabilitation medical practitioners* and performed for three or more hours per day, five to seven days per week.

Licensed Mental Health Professional means a professional that holds a clinical license in a behavioral health discipline; and possesses the training or experience to complete the required evaluation and treatment of behavioral health disorders.

Life Threatening Condition means any disease or condition from which the likelihood of death is probable unless

the course of the disease or condition is interrupted.

Listed transplant means one of the following procedures:

- 1. Heart transplants.
- 2. Lung transplants.
- 3. Heart/lung transplants.
- 4. Kidney transplants.
- 5. Liver transplants.
- 6. For the following types of tissue transplants:
 - a. Cornea transplants.
 - b. Artery or vein grafts.
 - c. Heart valve grafts.
 - d. Prosthetic tissue replacement, including joint replacements.
 - e. Implantable prosthetic lenses, in connection with cataracts.
- 7. Bone marrow transplants for the following conditions:
 - a. BMT or ABMT for Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma.
 - b. BMT or ABMT for Hodgkin's Lymphoma.
 - c. BMT for Severe Aplastic Anemia.
 - d. BMT or ABMT for Acute Lymphocytic and Nonlymphocytic Leukemia.
 - e. BMT for Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia.
 - f. ABMT for Testicular Cancer.
 - g. BMT for Severe Combined Immunodeficiency.
 - h. BMT or ABMT for Stage III or IV Neuroblastoma.
 - i. *BMT* for Myelodysplastic Syndrome.
 - j. BMT for Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome.
 - k. *BMT* for Thalassemia Major.
 - l. BMT or ABMT for Multiple Myeloma.
 - m. *ABMT* for pediatric Ewing's sarcoma and related primitive neuroectodermal tumors, Wilm's tumor, rhabomyosarcoma, medulloblastoma, astrocytoma and glioma.
 - n. BMT for Fanconi's anemia.
 - o. *BMT* for malignant histiocytic disorders.
 - p. *BMT* for juvenile.

Loss means an event for which benefits are payable under this *policy*. A *loss* must occur while the *covered person* is covered under this *policy*.

Loss of Minimum essential coverage means in the case of an employee or dependent who has coverage that is not COBRA continuation coverage, the conditions are satisfied at the time the coverage is terminated as a result of loss of eligibility (regardless of whether the individual is eligible for or elects COBRA continuation coverage). Loss of eligibility does not include a loss due to the failure of the employee or dependent to pay premiums on a timely basis or termination of coverage for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the plan). Loss of eligibility for coverage includes, but is not limited to:

1. Loss of eligibility for coverage as a result of legal separation, divorce, cessation of dependent status (such as attaining the maximum age to be eligible as a dependent child under the plan), death of an employee, termination of employment, reduction in the number of hours of employment, and any loss of eligibility for coverage after a period that is measured by reference to any of the foregoing;

- 2. In the case of coverage offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the individual market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live, or work in a service area, loss of coverage because an individual no longer resides, lives, or works in the service area (whether or not within the choice of the individual), however this will not apply to a dependent living outside the service area if a court order requires the *covered person* to cover the dependent;
- 3. In the case of coverage offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the group market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live, or work in a service area, loss of coverage because an individual no longer resides, lives, or works in the service area (whether or not within the choice of the individual), and no other benefit package is available to the individual;
- 4. A situation in which an individual incurs a claim that would meet or exceed a lifetime limit on all benefits; and
- 5. A situation in which a plan no longer offers any benefits to the class of similarly situated individuals that includes the individual.
- 6. In the case of an employee or dependent who has coverage that is not COBRA continuation coverage, the conditions are satisfied at the time employer contributions towards the employee's or dependent's coverage terminate. Employer contributions include contributions by any current or former employer that was contributing to coverage for the employee or dependent.
- 7. In the case of an employee or dependent who has coverage that is COBRA continuation coverage, the conditions are satisfied at the time the COBRA continuation coverage is exhausted. An individual who satisfies the conditions for special enrollment, does not enroll, and instead elects and exhausts COBRA continuation coverage satisfies the conditions.

Managed drug limitations means limits in coverage based upon time period, amount or dose of a drug, or other specified predetermined criteria.

Maximum therapeutic benefit means the point in the course of treatment where no further improvement in a *covered person's* medical condition can be expected, even though there may be fluctuations in levels of pain and function.

Medical practitioner means a *physician*, nurse anesthetist, physician's assistant, physical therapist, or midwife. The following are examples of providers that are NOT *medical practitioners*, by definition of the *policy:* acupuncturist, speech therapist, occupational therapist, rolfer, registered nurse, hypnotist, respiratory therapist, X-ray technician, *emergency* medical technician, social worker, family counselor, marriage counselor, child counselor, naturopath, perfusionist, massage therapist or sociologist. With regard to medical services provided to a *covered person*, a *medical practitioner* must be licensed or certified by the state in which care is rendered and performing services within the scope of that license or certification.

Medically necessary means any medical service, supply or treatment authorized by a *physician* to diagnose and treat a *covered person* 's *illness or injury* which:

- 1. Is consistent with the symptoms or diagnosis;
- 2. Is provided according to generally accepted medical practice standards;
- 3. Is not *custodial care*;
- 4. Is not solely for the convenience of the *physician* or the *covered person*;
- 5. Is not experimental or investigational;
- 6. Is provided in the most cost effective care facility or setting;
- 7. Does not exceed the scope, duration, or intensity of that level of care that is needed to provide safe, adequate and appropriate diagnosis or treatment; and

8. When specifically applied to a *hospital* confinement, it means that the diagnosis and treatment of *your* medical symptoms or conditions cannot be safely provided as an outpatient.

Charges incurred for treatment not *medically necessary* are not *eligible service expenses*.

Medically stabilized means that the person is no longer experiencing further deterioration as a result of a prior *injury* or *illness* and there are no acute changes in physical findings, laboratory results, or radiologic results that necessitate acute medical care. Acute medical care does not include *acute rehabilitation*.

Medicare opt-out practitioner means a *medical practitioner* who:

- 1. Has filed an affidavit with the Department of Health and Human Services stating that he or she will not submit any claims to Medicare during a two-year period; and
- 2. Has been designated by the Secretary of that Department as a *Medicare opt-out practitioner*.

Medicare participating practitioner means a *medical practitioner* who is eligible to receive reimbursement from Medicare for treating Medicare-eligible individuals.

Mental health disorder is a behavioral, emotional or cognitive pattern of functioning in an individual that is associated with distress, suffering, or impairment in one or more areas of life – such as school, work, or social and family interactions

Medically Necessary medical supplies means medical supplies that are:

- 1. Medically Necessary to the care or treatment of an *injury* or *illness*;
- 2. Not reusable or durable medical equipment; and
- 3. Not able to be used by others.

Medically Necessary medical supplies do not include first aid supplies, cotton balls, rubbing alcohol, or like items routinely found in the home.

Network means a group of *physicians* and providers who have negotiated contracts that include an agreed upon price for health care services or expenses.

Network eligible service expense means the *eligible service expense* for services or supplies that are provided by a *network provider*. For facility services, this is the *eligible service expense* that is provided at and billed by a *network* facility for the services of either a *network* or non-*network provider*. *Network eligible service expense* includes benefits for *emergency* health services even if provided by a non-*network provider*.

Network provider means a *physician* or provider who is identified in the most current list for the *network* shown on *your* identification card.

Non-elective caesarean section means:

- 1. A caesarean section where vaginal delivery is not a medically viable option; or
- 2. A repeat caesarean section.

Non-network eligible service expense means the *eligible service expense* for services or supplies that are provided and billed by a non-network provider.

Non-Network Provider means a *physician* or provider who is <u>NOT</u> identified in the most current list for the *network* shown on *your* identification card. Services received from a *non-network provider* are not covered, except as specifically stated in this policy.

Orthotic device means a medically necessary custom fabricated brace or support that is designed as a component of a prosthetic device.

Other plan means any plan or policy that provides insurance, reimbursement, or service benefits for *hospital*, surgical, or medical expenses. This includes payment under group or individual insurance policies, automobile no-fault or medical pay, homeowner insurance medical pay, premises medical pay, nonprofit health service plans, health maintenance organization subscriber policys, self-insured group plans, prepayment plans, and Medicare when the *covered person* is enrolled in Medicare. *Other plan* will not include Medicaid.

Out-of-pocket maximum is the sum of the deductible amount, prescription drug deductible amount (if applicable), copayment amount and coinsurance percentage of covered expenses, as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. After the out-of-pocket maximum amount is met for an individual, we pay 100% of eligible expenses. The family out-of-pocket maximum amount is two times the individual out-of-pocket maximum amount. For the family out-of-pocket maximum amount, once a covered person has met the individual out-of-pocket maximum amount, the remainder of the family out-of-pocket maximum amount can be met with the combination of any one or more covered persons' eligible expenses.

Out-of-pocket service expenses means those expenses that a *covered person* is required to pay that:

- 1. Qualify as covered service expenses; and
- 2. Are not paid or payable if a claim were made under any *other plan*.

Outpatient surgical facility means any facility with a medical staff of *physicians* that operates pursuant to law for the purpose of performing *surgical procedures*, and that does not provide accommodations for patients to stay overnight. This does not include facilities such as: acute-care clinics, *urgent care centers*, ambulatory-care clinics, free-standing emergency facilities, and *physician* offices.

Pain management program means a program using interdisciplinary teams providing coordinated, goal-oriented services to a *covered person* who has chronic pain that significantly interferes with physical, psychosocial, and vocational functioning, for the purpose of reducing pain, improving function, and decreasing dependence on the health care system. A *pain management program* must be individualized and provide physical *rehabilitation*, education on pain, relaxation training, and medical evaluation.

Period of extended loss means a period of consecutive days:

- 1. Beginning with the first day on which a covered person is a hospital inpatient; and
- 2. Ending with the 30th consecutive day for which he or she is not a *hospital inpatient*.

Physician means a licensed medical practitioner who is practicing within the scope of his or her licensed authority in treating a bodily injury or sickness and is required to be covered by state law. A *physician* does **NOT** include someone who is related to a *covered person* by blood, marriage or adoption or who is normally a *covered person* of the *covered person's* household.

Policy when *italicized*, means this *policy* issued and delivered to *you*. It includes the attached pages, the applications, and any amendments.

Post-service claim means any claim for benefits for medical care or treatment that is not a *pre-service claim*.

Pre-service claim means any claim for benefits for medical care or treatment that requires the approval of the plan in advance of the claimant obtaining the medical care.

Pregnancy means the physical condition of being pregnant, but does not include *complications of pregnancy*.

Prescription drug means any medicinal substance whose label is required to bear the legend "RX only."

Prescription order means the request for each separate drug or medication by a *physician* or each authorized refill or such requests.

Primary care physician means a *physician* who is a family practitioner, general practitioner, pediatrician, OB-GYN physician or internist.

Proof of loss means information required by *us* to decide if a claim is payable and the amount that is payable. It includes, but is not limited to, claim forms, medical bills or records, other plan information, and *network* repricing information. *Proof of loss* must include a copy of all Explanation of Benefit forms from any other carrier, including Medicare.

Provider facility means a hospital, rehabilitation facility, or extended care facility.

Prosthetic device means an artificial leg or arm.

Reconstructive surgery means *surgery* performed on an abnormal body structure caused by congenital defects, developmental abnormalities, trauma, infection, tumors, or disease in order to improve function or to improve the patient's appearance, to the extent possible.

Rehabilitation means care for restoration (including by education or training) of one's prior ability to function at a level of *maximum therapeutic benefit*. This type of care must be *acute rehabilitation*, *sub-acute rehabilitation*, or *intensive day rehabilitation*, and it includes *rehabilitation therapy* and *pain management programs*. An *inpatient* hospitalization will be deemed to be for *rehabilitation* at the time the patient has been *medically stabilized* and begins to receive *rehabilitation therapy* or treatment under a *pain management program*.

Rehabilitation facility means an institution or a separate identifiable *hospital* unit, section, or ward that:

- 1. Is licensed by the state as a *rehabilitation facility*; and
- 2. Operates primarily to provide 24-hour primary care or *rehabilitation* of sick or injured persons as *inpatients*.

Rehabilitation facility does not include a facility primarily for rest, the aged, long term care, assisted living, *custodial care*, nursing care, or for care of the mentally incompetent.

Rehabilitation medical practitioner means a *physician*, physical therapist, speech therapist, occupational therapist, or respiratory therapist. A *rehabilitation medical practitioner* must be licensed or certified by the state in which care is rendered and performing services within the scope of that license or certification.

Rehabilitation therapy means physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, or respiratory therapy, pulmonary rehabilitation and cardiac rehabilitation.

Rescission of a policy means a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage that has a retroactive effect. Rescission does not include a cancellation or discontinuance or coverage that has only a prospective effect or a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage that is effective retroactively to the extent it is attributable to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions towards the cost of coverage.

Residence means the physical location where *you* live. If *you* live in more than one location, and *you* file a United States income tax return, the physical address (not a P.O. Box) shown on *your* United States income tax return as *your* residence will be deemed to be *your* place of residence. If *you* do not file a United States income tax return, the *residence* where *you* spend the greatest amount of time will be deemed to be *your* place of *residence*.

Residential treatment facility means a facility that provides (with or without charge) sleeping accommodations, and:

- 1. Is not a hospital, extended care facility, or rehabilitation facility; or
- 2. Is a unit whose beds are not licensed at a level equal to or more acute than skilled nursing.

Respite care means home health care services provided temporarily to a *covered person* in order to provide relief to the *covered person's immediate family* or other caregiver.

Specialist physician means a *physician* who is not a *primary care physician*.

Spouse means your lawful wife or husband.

Sub-acute rehabilitation means one or more different types of therapy provided by one or more *rehabilitation medical practitioners* and performed for one-half hour to two hours per day, five to seven days per week, while the *covered person* is confined as an *inpatient* in a *hospital*, *rehabilitation facility*, or *extended care facility*.

Substance abuse means alcohol, drug or chemical abuse, overuse, or dependency.

Surgery or **surgical procedure** means:

- 1. An invasive diagnostic procedure; or
- 2. The treatment of a *covered person's illness* or *injury* by manual or instrumental operations, performed by a *physician* while the *covered person* is under general or local anesthesia.

Surveillance tests for ovarian cancer means annual screening using:

- 1. CA-125 serum tumor marker testing;
- 2. Transvaginal ultrasound; or
- 3. Pelvic examination.

Terminal illness counseling means counseling of the *immediate family* of a *terminally ill* person for the purpose of teaching the *immediate family* to care for and adjust to the *illness* and impending death of the *terminally ill* person.

Terminally ill means a *physician* has given a prognosis that a *covered person* has six months or less to live.

Third party means a person or other entity that is or may be obligated or liable to the *covered person* for payment of any of the *covered person's* expenses for *illness* or *injury*. The term "third party" includes, but is not limited to, an individual person; a for-profit or non-profit business entity or organization; a government agency or program; and an insurance company. However, the term "third party" will not include any insurance company with a policy under which the *covered person* is entitled to benefits as a named insured person or an insured *dependent* of a named insured person except in those jurisdictions where statutes or common law does not specifically prohibit *our* right to recover from these sources.

Tobacco use or **use of tobacco** means use of tobacco by individuals who may legally use tobacco under federal and state law on average four or more times per week and within no longer than the six months immediately preceding the date application for this *policy* was completed by the *covered person*, including all tobacco products but excluding religious and ceremonial uses of tobacco.

Unproven service(s) means services, including medications, that are determined not to be effective for treatment of the medical condition, and/or not to have a beneficial effect on health outcomes, due to insufficient and inadequate clinical evidence from *well-conducted randomized controlled trials* or *well-conducted cohort studies* in the prevailing published peer-reviewed medical literature.

- 1. "Well-conducted randomized controlled trials" means that two or more treatments are compared to each other, and the patient is not allowed to choose which treatment is received.
- 2. "Well-conducted cohort studies" means patients who receive study treatment are compared to a group of patients who receive standard therapy. The comparison group must be nearly identical to the study treatment group.

Urgent appeal means an appeal of a claim denial for *emergency* medical service.

Urgent care center means a facility, not including a *hospital emergency* room or a *physician's* office, that provides treatment or services that are required:

- 1. To prevent serious deterioration of a *covered person's* health; and
- 2. As a result of an unforeseen *illness*, *injury*, or the onset of acute or severe symptoms.

Utilization review means a process used to monitor the use of, or evaluate the clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of, health care services, procedures, or settings. Areas of review may include ambulatory review, prospective review, second opinion, certification, concurrent review, case management, discharge planning, or retrospective review.

DEPENDENT COVERAGE

Dependent Eligibility

Your dependents become eligible for coverage under this policy on the latter of:

- 1. The date you became insured under this policy; or
- 2. The first day of the premium period/first full calendar month after the date of becoming *your dependent*.

Effective Date For Initial Dependents

The *effective date* for *your* initial *dependents*, if any, is shown on the Schedule of Benefits. Only *dependent* included in the application for this *policy* will be covered on *your effective date*.

Adding A Newborn Child

An *eligible child* born to *you* or a *covered person* will be covered from the time of birth until the 31st day after its birth. The newborn child will be covered from the time of its birth for *loss* due to *injury* and *illness*, including *loss* from complications of birth, premature birth, medically diagnosed congenital defect(s), and birth abnormalities.

Additional premium will be required to continue coverage beyond the 31st day after the date of birth of the child. The required premium will be calculated from the child's date of birth. Coverage of the child will terminate on the 31st day after its birth, unless *we* have received both: (A) written notice of the child's birth; and (B) the required premium within 90 days of the child's birth.

Adding An Adopted Child

An *eligible child* legally placed for adoption with *you* or *your spouse* will be covered from the date of *placement* until the 31st day after *placement*, unless the *placement* is disrupted prior to legal adoption and the child is removed from *your* or *your spouse's* custody.

The child will be covered for *loss* due to *injury* and *illness*, including *medically necessary* care and treatment of conditions existing prior to the date of *placement*.

Additional premium will be required to continue coverage beyond the 31st day following *placement* of the child. The required premium will be calculated from the date of *placement* for adoption. Coverage of the child will terminate on the 31st day following *placement*, unless *we* have received both: (A) written notice of *your* or *your spouse's* intent to adopt the child; and (B) any additional premium required for the addition of the child within 90 days of the date of *placement*.

As used in this provision, "placement" the assumption and retention by you or your spouse for total or partial support of the child in anticipation of the adoption of the child.

Adding Other Dependents

If *you* apply in writing for coverage on a *dependent* and *you* pay the required premiums, then the *effective date* will be shown in the written notice to *you* that the *dependent* is insured.

ONGOING ELIGIBILITY

For All Covered persons

A covered person's eligibility for coverage under this policy will cease on the earlier of:

- 1. The date that a *covered person* accepts any direct or indirect contribution or reimbursement, by or on behalf of an employer, for any portion of the premium for coverage under this *policy*; or
- 2. The date a *covered person's* employer and a *covered person* treat this *policy* as part of an employer-provided health plan for any purpose, including tax purposes.

For Dependents

A *dependent* will cease to be a *covered person* at the end of the premium period in which he or she ceases to be *your spouse* due to divorce or if a child ceases to be an *eligible child*. An *eligible child* ceases to be a dependent upon their 26th birthday. Coverage may be extended to the *eligible child's* 28th birthday if all of the following are true:

- a. The child is the natural child, stepchild, or adopted child of the insured.
- b. The child is a resident of this state or a full-time student at an accredited public or private institution of higher education.
- c. The child is not employed by an employer that offers any health benefit plan under which the child is eligible for coverage.

We must receive notification within 90 days of the date a *dependent* ceases to be an eligible *dependent*. If notice is received by *us* more than 90 days from this date, any unearned premium will be credited only from the first day of the *policy*/calendar month in which *we* receive the notice.

A covered person will not cease to be a dependent eligible child solely because of age if the eligible child is:

- 1. Not capable of self-sustaining employment due to mental handicap or physical handicap that began before the age limit was reached; and
- 2. Mainly dependent on *you* for support.

Open Enrollment

There will be an open enrollment period for coverage. The initial open enrollment period begins October 1, 2013 and extends through March 31, 2014. *Individuals* who enroll prior to December 15, 2013 will have an effective date of coverage on January 1, 2014. *Individuals* that enroll between the first and fifteenth day of any subsequent month during the initial open enrollment period, will have a coverage effective date of the first day of the following month. *Individuals* that enroll between the sixteenth and last day of the month between December 2013 and March 31, 2014, will have a coverage effective date of the first day of the second following month.

For years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, the annual open enrollment period begins October 15 and extends through December 7 of the preceding calendar year. *Individuals* who enroll prior to December 7, 2013 will have an effective date of coverage on January 1st of the following year.

Starting in 2014, we will send written annual open enrollment notification to each *covered person* no earlier than September 1st, and no later than September 30th.

Special And Limited Enrollment

An *individual* has 60 days to enroll as a result of one of the following events:

- 1. An individual or dependent loses minimum essential coverage;
- 2. An *individual* gains a dependent or becomes a *dependent* through marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption;
- 3. An individual who was not previously a citizen, national, or lawfully present individual gains such status;
- 4. An individual's enrollment or non-enrollment in a health plan is unintentional, inadvertent, or erroneous and is the result of the error, misrepresentation, or inaction of an agent;
- 5. An *individual* or enrollee gains access to new health plans as a result of a permanent move;
- 6. Qualifying events as defined under section 603 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended; or
- 7. With respect to individuals enrolled in non-calendar year health insurance policies, a limited open enrollment period beginning on the date that is 30 calendar days prior to the date the policy year ends in 2014.

PREMIUMS

Premium Payment

Each premium is to be paid to *us* on or before its due date. A due date is the last day of the period for which the preceding premium was paid.

Grace Period

After the first premium is paid, a grace period of 90 days from the premium due date is given for the payment of premium. Coverage will remain in force during the grace period. If payment of premium is not received within the grace period, coverage will be terminated as of the last day of the first month during the grace period, if advance premium tax credits are received.

Misstatement Of Age

If a *covered person's* age has been misstated, the benefits may be adjusted based on the relationship of the premium paid to the premium that should have been paid, based on the correct age.

Change Or Misstatement Of Residence

If you change your residence, you must notify us of your new residence within 60 days of the change. Your premium will be based on your new residence beginning on the first premium due date/first day of the next calendar month after the change. If your residence is misstated on your application, or you fail to notify us of a change of residence, we will apply the correct premium amount beginning on the first premium due date/first day of the first full calendar month you resided at that place of residence. If the change results in a lower premium, we will refund any excess premium. If the change results in a higher premium, you will owe us the additional premium.

Misstatement Of Tobacco Use

The answer to the tobacco question on the application is material to *our* correct underwriting. If a *covered person's use of tobacco* has been misstated on the *covered person's* application for coverage under this *policy, we* have the right to rerate the *policy* back to the original *effective date*.

Billing/Administrative Fees

Upon prior written notice, we may impose an administrative fee for credit card payments. This does not obligate us to accept credit card payments. We will charge a \$20 fee for any check or automatic payment deduction that is returned unpaid.

MEDICAL SERVICE BENEFITS

Deductible

The *deductible amount* means the amount of *covered service expenses* that must be paid by each/all *covered persons* before any benefits are provided or payable. The *deductible amount* does not include any *copayment amount*.

Coinsurance Percentage

We will pay the applicable *coinsurance* in excess of the applicable deductible for a service or supply that:

- 1. Qualifies as a covered expense under one or more benefit provisions; and
- 2. Is received while the *covered person's* insurance is in force under the *policy* if the charge for the service or supply qualifies as an eligible expense.

When the annual *out-of-pocket maximum* has been met, additional covered expenses will be payable at 100%.

The amount payable will be subject to:

- 1. Any specific benefit limits stated in the *policy*;
- 2. A determination of eligible expenses; and
- 3. Any reduction for expenses incurred at a *non-network provider*. Please refer to the information on the Schedule of Benefits.

Note: The bill *you* receive for services or supplies from a non-*network provider* may be significantly higher than the *eligible service expenses* for those services or supplies. In addition to the *deductible amount, copayment amount,* and *cost sharing percentage, you* are responsible for the difference between the *eligible service expense* and the amount the provider bills *you* for the services or supplies. Any amount *you* are obligated to pay to the provider in excess of the *eligible service expense* will not apply to *your deductible amount* or *out-of-pocket maximum.*

Network Availability

Your network is subject to change upon advance written notice. A network may not be available in all areas. If you move to an area where we are not offering access to a network, the network provisions of the policy will no longer apply. In that event, benefits will be calculated based on the eligible expense, subject to the deductible amount for network providers. You will be notified of any increase in premium.

Coverage Under Other Policy Provisions

Charges for services and supplies that qualify as covered expenses under one benefit provision will not qualify as covered expenses under any other benefit provision of this *policy*.

Ambulance Service Benefits

Covered service expenses will include ambulance services for local transportation:

- 1. To the nearest *hospital* that can provide services appropriate to the *covered person's illness* or *injury*.
- 2. To the nearest neonatal special care unit for newborn infants for treatment of *illnesses*, *injuries*, congenital birth defects, or complications of premature birth that require that level of care.

Benefits for air ambulance services are limited to:

1. Services requested by police or medical authorities at the site of an *emergency*.

2. Those situations in which the *covered person* is in a location that cannot be reached by ground ambulance.

Exclusions:

No benefits will be paid for:

- 1. Expenses incurred for ambulance services covered by a local governmental or municipal body, unless otherwise required by law.
- 2. Non-emergency air ambulance.
- 3. Air ambulance:
 - a. Outside of the 50 United States and the District of Columbia;
 - b. From a country or territory outside of the United States to a location within the 50 United States or the District of Columbia; or
 - c. From a location within the 50 United States or the District of Columbia to a country or territory outside of the United States.
- 4. Ambulance services provided for a *covered person's* comfort or convenience.

Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Benefits

Covered expenses for mental health and substance abuse are included on a non-discriminatory basis for all *covered persons* for the diagnosis and *medically necessary* and active treatment of mental, emotional, and substance use disorders and autism spectrum disorders, including Asperger's syndrome and autism, as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association. Treatment is limited to services prescribed by your Physician in accordance with a treatment plan. Treatment limits for behavioral health expense benefits will be applied in the same manner as physical health service benefits.

Covered expenses are included on a non-discriminatory basis for individuals seeking diagnosis and treatment for mental health disorders following any type of assault or violent act, including rape or an assault with intent to commit rape when the diagnosis and treatment costs exceed the maximum compensation allowed by the state.

Inpatient, intermediate and outpatient mental health and substance abuse service expenses are covered, if *medically necessary* and may be subject to prior authorization. See the Prior Authorization Section for more information regarding services that require prior authorization and the Schedule of Benefits for more information regarding specific benefit, day or visit limits, if any. Medication management visits do not require prior authorization for *network providers*.

Inpatient mental health and substance abuse covered expenses include the following: 24 hour services, delivered in a psychiatric unit of a licensed general hospital, a psychiatric hospital, or a substance abuse facility, that provide evaluation and treatment for an acute psychiatric condition or substance use diagnosis, or both.

Intermediate mental health and substance abuse covered expenses include the following: Non-inpatient services that provide more intensive and extensive treatment interventions when outpatient services alone are not sufficient to meet the patient's needs. Intermediate care is based on *medical necessity*.

Outpatient mental health and substance abuse covered expenses include the following: Services provided in person in an ambulatory care setting. Outpatient services may be provided in a licensed *hospital*, a mental health or substance abuse clinic licensed by the appropriate state entity, a public community mental health

center, a professional office or home-based services. Such services delivered in such offices or settings are to be rendered by a licensed mental health professional, a licensed physician who specializes in the practice of psychiatry, a licensed psychologist, a licensed independent clinical social worker, a licensed mental health counselor, a professional clinical counselor, a clinical counsel or a licensed nurse mental health clinical specialist acting within the scope of his/her license.

Other covered expenses for mental health and substance abuse include:

- 1. Diagnosis and treatment of the following biologically based mental disorders: Schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, major depressive disorder, bipolar disorder, paranoia and other psychotic disorders, obsessive-compulsive disorder, panic disorder, delirium and dementia, affective disorders, eating disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse disorders, and autism;
- 2. For children and adolescents under the age of 19:
 - a. Treatment of non-biologically-based mental, behavioral, or emotional disorders which substantially interfere with or limit the functioning and social interactions of a child or adolescent. Benefits may be provided if the ongoing course of treatment is completed beyond age 19; and
 - b. Mandated benefits beyond age 19 may be covered even if coverage continues under other benefit contracts.
- 3. Adult substance abuse residential treatment;
- 4. Clinically managed detoxification services in a substance abuse facility;
- 5. Partial hospitalization;
- 6. Intensive Outpatient Programs (IOP); and
- 7. Day treatment.

Habilitation Expense Benefits

Covered service expenses include services provided or expenses incurred for *habilitation* services subject to the following limitations:

- 1. *Habilitation* services to children ages 0 to 21 with a medical diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder which at a minimum shall include:
 - a. Out-patient physical *Rehabilitation* services including speech and language therapy and/or occupational therapy, performed by a licensed therapists, limited to 20 visits per year.
 - b. Clinical therapeutic intervention defined as therapies supported by empirical evidence, which include but are not limited to applied behavioral analysis, provided by or under the supervision of a professional who is licensed, certified, or registered by an appropriate agency of this state to perform the services in accordance with a treatment plan, limited to 20 hours per week.
 - c. Mental/behavioral health outpatient services performed by a licensed psychologist, psychiatrist, or *Physician* to provide consultation, assessment, development and oversight of treatment plans limited to 30 visits per year.

See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits.

Home Health Care Service Expense Benefits

Covered service expenses for *home health care* are limited to the following charges:

- 1. Home health aide services.
- 2. Services of a private duty registered nurse rendered on an outpatient basis.

- 3. Professional fees of a licensed respiratory, physical, occupational, or speech therapist required for *home health care*.
- 4. I.V. medication and pain medication.
- 5. Hemodialysis, and for the processing and administration of blood or blood components.
- 6. Necessary medical supplies.
- 7. Rental of the *durable medical equipment* set forth below:
 - a. I.V. stand and I.V. tubing.
 - b. Infusion pump or cassette.
 - c. Portable commode.
 - d. Patient lift.
 - e. Bili-lights.
 - f. Suction machine and suction catheters.

Charges under (4) and (7) are *covered service expenses* to the extent they would have been *covered service expenses* during an *inpatient hospital* stay.

At *our* option, *we* may authorize the purchase of the equipment in lieu of its rental if the rental price is projected to exceed the equipment purchase price, but only from a provider *we* authorize before the purchase. If the equipment is purchased, the *covered person* must return the equipment to *us* when it is no longer in use.

Limitations:

See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits for expenses related to home health aide services.

Exclusion:

No benefits will be payable for charges related to respite care, custodial care, or educational care.

Hospice Care Service Expense Benefits

This provision only applies to a *terminally ill covered person* receiving *medically necessary* care under a *hospice care program*. Benefits for *hospice inpatient* or outpatient care are only available to a *terminally ill covered person*.

The list of *covered service expenses* in the Miscellaneous Medical Service Expense Benefits provision is expanded to include:

- 1. Room and board in a *hospice* while the *covered person* is an *inpatient*.
- 2. Occupational therapy.
- 3. Speech-language therapy.
- 4. The rental of medical equipment while the *terminally ill covered person* is in a *hospice care program* to the extent that these items would have been covered under the *policy* if the *covered person* had been confined in a *hospital*.
- 5. Medical, palliative, and supportive care, and the procedures necessary for pain control and acute and chronic symptom management.
- 6. Counseling the *covered person* regarding his or her *terminal illness*.
- 7. *Terminal illness counseling* of the covered person's immediate family.
- 8. Bereavement counseling, refer to your Schedule of Benefits.

Exclusions And Limitations:

- 1. An *injury* or *illness* arising out of, or in the course of, employment for wage or profit;
- 2. Medical necessity of services or supplies, to the extent such services or supplies are provided as part of a *hospice care program;* or
- 3. Expenses for persons other than the *terminally ill covered person*, to the extent those expenses are described above, will not be applied to this provision.

Rehabilitation And Skilled Nursing Facility Expense Benefits

Covered service expenses include services provided or expenses incurred for *rehabilitation* services or confinement in a *skilled nursing facility*, subject to the following limitations:

- 1. *Covered service expenses* available to a *covered person* while confined primarily to receive *rehabilitation* are limited to those specified in this provision.
- 2. *Covered service expenses* for *provider facility* services are limited to charges made by a *hospital*, *rehabilitation facility*, or *skilled nursing facility* for:
 - a. Daily room and board and nursing services.
 - b. Physical medicine therapy services.
 - c. Diagnostic testing.
 - d. Drugs and medicines that are prescribed by a *physician*, must be filled by a licensed pharmacist, and are approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
- 3. Covered service expenses for confinement in a skilled nursing facility is limited to 90 days per year;
- 4. *Covered service expenses* for non-*provider facility* services are limited to charges incurred for the professional services of *rehabilitation medical practitioners*.
- 5. Covered service expenses include physical medicine therapy services, which include
 - a. Physical therapy- limited to 20 visits when rendered as Physician Home Visits and Office Services or outpatient services. When rendered in the home, Home Care Services limits apply;
 - b. Speech therapy-limited to 20 visits when rendered as Physician Home Visits and Office Services or outpatient services. When rendered in the home, Home Care Services limits apply;
 - c. Occupational therapy-limited to 20 visits when rendered as Physician Home Visits and Office Services or outpatient services. When rendered in the home, Home Care Services limits apply;
 - d. Manipulation therapy-limited to 12 visits;
 - e. Cardiac Rehabilitation- limited to 36 visits when rendered as Physician Home Visits and Office Services or outpatient services. When rendered in the home, Home Care Services limits apply; and
 - f. Pulmonary Rehabilitation- limited to 20 visits when rendered as Physician Home Visits and Office Services or outpatient services. When rendered in the home, Home Care Services limits apply. When rendered as part of physical therapy, the Physical Therapy limit will apply instead of the limit listed here.

See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits.

Care ceases to be *rehabilitation* upon *our* determination of any of the following:

- 1. The covered person has reached maximum therapeutic benefit.
- 2. Further treatment cannot restore bodily function beyond the level the *covered person* already possesses.
- 3. There is no measurable progress toward documented goals.
- 4. Care is primarily *custodial care*.

Miscellaneous Major Medical Expense Benefits

Medical *covered service expenses* are limited to charges:

- 1. Made by a *hospital* for:
 - a. Daily room and board and nursing services, not to exceed the *hospital's* most common semi-private room rate.
 - b. Daily room and board and nursing services while confined in an intensive care unit.
 - c. Inpatient use of an operating, treatment, or recovery room.
 - d. Outpatient use of an operating, treatment, or recovery room for *surgery*.
 - e. Services and supplies, including drugs and medicines, that are routinely provided by the *hospital* to persons for use only while they are *inpatients*.
 - f. *Emergency* treatment of an *injury* or *illness*, even if confinement is not required. See your Schedule of Benefits for limitations.
- 2. For *surgery* in a *physician's* office or at an *outpatient surgical facility*, including services and supplies.
- 3. Made by a *physician* for professional services, including *surgery*.
- 4. Made by an assistant surgeon. See your Schedule of Benefits for eligible limits.
- 5. For the professional services of a *medical practitioner*.
- 6. For diagnostic testing using radiologic, ultrasonographic, or laboratory services (psychometric, behavioral and educational testing are not included).
- 7. For chemotherapy and radiation therapy or treatment.
- 8. For hemodialysis, and the charges by a *hospital* for processing and administration of blood or blood components.
- 9. For the cost and administration of an anesthetic.
- 10. For oxygen and its administration.
- 11. For *dental service expenses* when a *covered person* suffers an *injury*, after the *covered person's effective date* of coverage, that results in:
 - a. Damage to his or her natural teeth; and
 - b. Expenses are incurred within six months of the accident or as part of a treatment plan that was prescribed by a *physician* and began within six months of the accident. *Injury* to the natural teeth will not include any injury as a result of chewing.
 - c. Dental services related to an accidental injury are limited to \$3,000 per injury.
- 12. Dental benefits for the removal of teeth or for other dental processes only if the patient's medical condition or the dental procedure requires a hospital setting to ensure the safety of the patient.
- 13. For *surgery*, excluding tooth extraction, to treat craniomandibular disorders, malocclusions, or disorders of the temporomandibular joint. See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits.
- 14. For reconstructive breast surgery charges as a result of a partial or total mastectomy . Coverage includes surgery and reconstruction of the diseased and non-diseased breast and prosthetic devices necessary to restore a symmetrical appearance and treatment in connection with other physical complications resulting from the mastectomy including lymphedemas.
- 15. For routine patient care for patients enrolled in an *eligible cancer clinical trial*.
- 16. For *medically necessary* services and supplies used in the treatment of diabetes. *Covered service expenses* include, but are not limited to, exams including podiatric exams; routine foot care such as trimming of nails and corns; laboratory and radiological diagnostic testing; self-management equipment, and supplies such as urine and/or ketone strips, blood glucose monitor supplies (glucose strips) for the device, and syringes or needles; orthotics and 22 shoes; urinary protein/microalbumin and lipid profiles; educational health and nutritional counseling for self-management, eye examinations, and prescription medication.

- 17. For maternity care of the Covered person or Covered person's spouse: outpatient and inpatient pre- and post-partum care including exams, prenatal diagnosis of genetic disorder, laboratory and radiology diagnostic testing, health education, nutritional counseling, risk assessment, childbirth classes, and hospital stays for delivery or other *medically necessary* reasons (less any applicable *copayments*, *deductible amounts*, or *cost sharing percentage*). An inpatient stay is covered for at least 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, and for at least 96 hours following a caesarean delivery. Other maternity benefits include complications of pregnancy, parent education, assistance, and training in breast or bottle feeding and the performance of any necessary and appropriate clinical tests and any other services that are consistent with the follow-up care recommended in the protocols and guidelines developed by national organizations that represent pediatric, obstetric, and nursing professionals. The coverage shall apply to services provided in a medical setting or through home health care visits. In addition, if a decision is made to discharge a mother or newborn prior to the expiration of the applicable number of hours of inpatient care required to be covered, the coverage of follow-up care will apply to all follow-up care that is provided within seventy-two hours after discharge. When a mother or newborn receives at least the number of hours of inpatient care required to be covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall apply to follow-up care that is determined to be medically necessary by the health care professionals responsible for discharging the mother or newborn.
- 18. Well Child care.
- 19. For the following types of tissue transplants:
 - a. Cornea transplants.
 - b. Artery or vein grafts.
 - c. Heart valve grafts.
 - d. Prosthetic tissue replacement, including joint replacements.
 - e. Implantable prosthetic lenses, in connection with cataracts.
- 20. Family Planning for certain professional Provider contraceptive services and supplies, including but not limited to vasectomy, tubal ligation and insertion or extraction of FDA-approved contraceptive devices.
- 21. Cochlear implants.
- 22. Allergy testing, injections and serum.
- 23. X-ray and other radiology services.
- 24. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI).
- 25. CAT scans.
- 26. Positron emission tomography (PET scanning);
- 27. For treatment received outside the United States, including for a medical *emergency* while traveling for up to a maximum of (90) consecutive days. If travel extends beyond 90 consecutive days, no coverage is provided for the entire period of travel including the first 90 days; and
- 28. Screening mammography to detect the presence of breast cancer in adult women, as follows:
 - a. If a woman is at least thirty-five years of age but under forty years of age, one screening mammography;
 - b. If a woman is at least forty years of age but under fifty years of age, either of the following:
 - i. One screening mammography every two years;
 - ii. If a licensed physician has determined that the woman has risk factors to breast cancer, one screening mammography every year;
 - c. If a woman is at least fifty years of age but under sixty-five years of age, one screening mammography every year.
- 29. Cytologic screening for the presence of cervical cancer.

Emergency Coverage

If you are experiencing a emergency, call 9-1-1 or go to the nearest hospital. If the services are provided at a non-network hospital, and a covered person presents with an emergency medical condition emergency care will be covered, the same as if the services were received at an in-network hospital. Prior authorization is not required for emergency care.

The amount allowed for *emergency care* received from a *non-network*, provider will be the greater of:

- 1. the median charge for in-network services;
- 2. the amount the plan generally uses to calculate in-network services; or
- 3. the Medicare reimbursement rate.

A *Non-Network* Provider of Emergency Services may send you a bill for any charges remaining after *we* have paid (this is called "balance billing").

Miscellaneous Outpatient Medical Services and Supplies Expense Benefits

Covered expenses for miscellaneous outpatient medical services and supplies are limited to charges:

- 1. For artificial eyes or larynx, breast prosthesis, or basic artificial limbs (but not the replacement thereof, unless required by a physical change in the *covered person* and the item cannot be modified). If more than one prosthetic device can meet a *covered person's* functional needs, only the charge for the most cost effective prosthetic device will be considered a covered expense.
- 2. For one pair of foot orthotics per *covered person* per year.
- 3. For *medically necessary* genetic blood tests.
- 4. For *medically necessary* immunizations to prevent respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).
- 5. For four (4) mastectomy bras per year if the *covered person* has undergone a covered mastectomy.
- 6. For rental of a standard hospital bed, a standard walker, a standard non-motorized wheelchair, a wheelchair cushion, and a ventilator.
- 7. For the cost of one Continuous Passive Motion (CPM) machine per *covered person* following a covered joint surgery.
- 8. For the cost of one wig per *covered person* necessitated by hair loss due to cancer treatments or traumatic burns. See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits.
- 9. For one pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses per *covered person* following a covered cataract surgery. See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits.
- 10. *Medically necessary* medical and surgical supplies for the management of a *covered* disease or illness;
- 11. The rental, or at *our* option the purchase of, *durable medical equipment* prescribed by a *physician* or other provider. Repair of the *durable medical equipment* is also covered. Covered services include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Hemodialysis equipment;
 - b. Crutches and replacement pads and tips:
 - c. Pressure machines:
 - d. Infusion pump for IV fluids and medicine;
 - e. Glucometer;
 - f. Tracheotomy tube;
 - g. Cardiac, neonatal and sleep apnea monitors;
 - h. Augmetnive communication devices require *prior authorization*.
- 12. For dressings, crutches, orthopedic splints, braces, casts, or other necessary medical supplies.
- 13. For the initial purchase, fitting and repair of a custom made rigid or semi-rigid orthotic supportive device used to support, align, prevent or correct deformities or to improve the function of moveable

parts of the body, or which limits or stops motion of a weak or diseased body part. Covered services include casting, molding, fittings and adjustments of the orthotic device.

Outpatient Prescription Drug Expense Benefits

Covered service expenses in this benefit subsection are limited to charges from a licensed *pharmacy* for:

- 1. A *prescription drug,* including for the treatment of biologically based mental illnesses on the same terms and conditions as any other disease or disorder.
- 2. Any drug that, under the applicable state law, may be dispensed only upon the written prescription of a *physician*.

See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits.

The appropriate drug choice for a *covered person* is a determination that is best made by the *covered person* and his or her *physician*.

Notice And Proof Of Loss:

In order to obtain payment for *covered service expenses* incurred at a *pharmacy* for *prescription orders*, a notice of claim and *proof of loss* must be submitted directly to *us*.

Off-label drugs:

Coverage will be provided for any other use of a drug approved by the United States food and drug administration when the drug has not been approved by the United States food and drug administration for the treatment of the particular indication for which the drug has been prescribed, provided the drug has been recognized as safe and effective for treatment of that indication in one or more of the standard medical reference compendia adopted by the United States Department of Health and Human Services under 42 U.S.C. 1395x(t)(2), or in medical literature that meets the criteria specified below.

Medical literature may be accepted only if all of the following apply:

- Two articles from major peer-reviewed professional medical journals have recognized, based on scientific or medical criteria, the drug's safety and effectiveness for treatment of the indication for which it has been prescribed;
- No article from a major peer-reviewed professional medical journal has concluded, based on scientific or medical criteria, that the drug is unsafe or ineffective or that the drug's safety and effectiveness cannot be determined for the treatment of the indication for which it has been prescribed; and
- Each article meets the uniform requirements for manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals established by the international committee of medical journal editors or is published in a journal specified by the United States department of health and human services pursuant to section 1861(t)(2)(B) of the "Social Security Act," 107 Stat. 591 (1993), 42 U.S.C. 1395x(t)(2)(B), as amended, as acceptable peer-reviewed medical literature.

This benefit shall not be construed to:

- Require coverage for any drug if the United States food and drug administration has determined its use to be contraindicated for the treatment of the particular indication for which the drug has been prescribed;
- Require coverage for experimental drugs not approved for any indication by the United States food and drug administration;

- Alter any law with regard to provisions limiting the coverage of drugs that have not been approved by the United States food and drug administration;
- Require reimbursement or coverage for any drug not included in the drug formulary or list of covered drugs provided in your certificate; and
- Prohibit your certificate from limiting or excluding coverage of a drug, provided that the decision to limit or exclude coverage of the drug is not based primarily on the coverage of drugs required by this section.

Non-Covered Services And Exclusions:

No benefits will be paid under this benefit subsection for services provided or expenses incurred:

- 1. For *prescription drugs* for the treatment of erectile dysfunction or any enhancement of sexual performance.
- 2. For immunization agents, blood, or blood plasma.
- 3. For medication that is to be taken by the *covered person*, in whole or in part, at the place where it is dispensed.
- 4. For medication received while the *covered person* is a patient at an institution that has a facility for dispensing pharmaceuticals.
- 5. For a refill dispensed more than 12 months from the date of a *physician's* order.
- 6. Due to a *covered person's* addiction to, or dependency on foods.
- 7. For more than the predetermined *managed drug limitations* assigned to certain drugs or classification of drugs.
- 8. For a *prescription order* that is available in over-the-counter form, or comprised of components that are available in over-the-counter form, and is therapeutically equivalent, except for over-the-counter products that are covered on the formulary.
- 9. For drugs labeled "Caution limited by federal law to investigational use" or for investigational or experimental drugs.
- 10. For a *prescription drug* that contains (an) active ingredient(s) that is/are:
 - a. Available in and therapeutically equivalent to another covered prescription drug; or
 - b. A modified version of and *therapeutically equivalent* to another covered *prescription drug*. Such determinations may be made up to six times during a calendar year, and *we* may decide at any time to reinstate benefits for a *prescription drug* that was previously excluded under this paragraph.
- 11. For more than a 34-day supply when dispensed in any one prescription or refill (a 90-day supply when dispensed by mail order).
- 12. In excess of the cost of the generic equivalent, if any, regardless of whether the *physician* specifies name brand on the written prescription.
- 13. For *prescription drugs* for any *covered person* who enrolls in Medicare Part D as of the date of his or her enrollment in Medicare Part D. *Prescription drug* coverage may not be reinstated at a later date.

Clinical Trial Coverage

Clinical Trial Coverage includes routine patient care costs incurred as the result of an approved phase I, II, III or phase IV clinical trial and the clinical trial is undertaken for the purposes of prevention, early detection, or treatment of cancer or other *life threatening condition*. Coverage will include routine patient care costs incurred for (1) drugs and devices that have been approved for sale by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), regardless of whether approved by the FDA for use in treating the patient's particular condition, (2) reasonable and *medically necessary* services needed to administer the drug or use the device under evaluation in the

clinical trial and (3) all items and services that are otherwise generally available to a qualified individual that are provided in the clinical trial except:

- The investigational item or service itself:
- Items and services provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs and that are not used in the direct clinical management of the patient; and
- Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free of charge for any enrollee in the trial.

Phase II clinical trials must meet the following requirements:

- Phase II of a clinical trial is sanctioned by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) or National Cancer Institute (NCI) and conducted at academic or National Cancer Institute Center; and
- The insured is enrolled in the clinical trial. This section shall not apply to insureds who are only following the protocol of phase II of a clinical trial, but not actually enrolled.

Phase III and IV clinical trials must be approved or funded by one of the following entities:

- One of the National Institutes of Health (NIH);
- An NIH Cooperative Group or Center;
- The FDA in the form of an investigational new drug application;
- The federal Departments of Veterans' Affairs or Defense;
- An institutional review board in this state that has an appropriate assurance approved by the Department of Health and Human Services assuring compliance with and implementation of regulations for the protection of human subjects; or
- A qualified research entity that meets the criteria for NIH Center support grant eligibility.

In a clinical trial, the treating facility and personnel must have the expertise and training to provide the treatment and treat a sufficient volume of patients. There must be equal to or superior, noninvestigational treatment alternatives and the available clinical or preclinical data must provide a reasonable expectation that the treatment will be superior to the noninvestigational alternatives.

Providers participating in clinical trials shall obtain a patient's informed consent for participation in the clinical trial in a manner that is consistent with current legal and ethical standards. Such documents shall be made available to Celtic upon request.

Pediatric Oral Expense Benefits

Covered expenses in this benefit subsection include the following for an *eligible child* under the age of 19 who is a *covered person*:

- 1. Diagnostic, preventive and restorative care;
- 2. Oral surgery and reconstruction;
- 3. Endodontic and periodontic care;
- 4. Crown and fixed bridge;
- 5. Removable prosthetics; and
- 6. Medically necessary orthodontia.

Visit limitations are as follows:

- 1. One diagnostic exam every six months, beginning before age one;
- 2. Bitewing x-rays once every six months;
- 3. Panoramic x-rays once every sixty months;
- 4. Prophylaxis every six months beginning at age six months;

- 5. Fluoride two times in a twelve-month period; three times in a twelve-month period during orthodontic treatment; sealant once every three years for occlusal surfaces only; oral hygiene instruction two times in twelve months for ages eight and under if not billed on the same day as a prophylaxis treatment;
- 6. Palliative treatment of dental pain- minor procedure;
- 7. Frenulectomy or frenuloplasty covered for ages six and under without prior authorization, covered for seven and over with prior authorization;
- 8. Root canals on baby primary posterior teeth only; Root canals on permanent anterior, bicuspid and molar teeth, excluding teeth 1, 16, 17 and 32;
- 9. Periodontal scaling and root planing once per quadrant in a two-year period with prior authorization;
- 10. Periodontal maintenance once per quadrant in a twelve-month period, with prior authorization;
- 11. Stainless steel crowns for permanent posterior teeth once every sixty months;
- 12. Metal/porcelain crowns and porcelain crowns limited to one tooth every 60 months, with prior authorization:
- 13. Space maintainers and re-cementation of space maintainers;
- 14. One resin based partial denture, replaced once within a three-year period;
- 15. One complete denture upper and lower, and one replacement denture in a 36 month period after the initial installation;
- 16. Prosthodontic services are limited to one every 60 months; and
- 17. Rebasing and relining of complete or partial dentures once in a three-year period, if performed at least six months from the seating date.

Pediatric Vision Expense Benefits

Covered service expenses in this benefit subsection include the following for an *eligible child* under the age of 19 who is a *covered person*:

- 1. Routine vision screening, including dilation and with refraction every calendar year;
- 2. One pair of prescription lenses (single vision, lined bifocal, lined trifocal or lenticular) or initial supply of contacts every calendar year, including standard polycarbonate lenses, scratch resistant and anti-reflective coating;
- 3. One pair of frames every calendar year; offers a wide range of frames that are at no cost to you.
- 4. Low vision optical devices including low vision services, and an aid allowance with follow-up care when pre-authorized.

Covered service expenses do not include:

- 1. Visual therapy;
- 2. Two pair of glasses as a substitute for bifocals;
- 3. Replacement of lost or stolen eyewear; or
- 4. Any vision services, treatment or material not specifically listed as a covered service.

Preventive Care Expense Benefits

Covered service expenses are expanded to include the charges incurred by a *covered person* for the following preventive health services if appropriate for that *covered person* in accordance with the following recommendations and guidelines:

- 1. Evidence based items or services that have in effect a rating of A or B in the current recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force. Examples of these services are screenings for cervical cancer and mammography
- 2. Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention with respect to an individual.

- 3. Evidence-informed preventive care and screenings for infants, children, and adolescents, in accordance with comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration.
- 4. Additional preventive care and screenings not included in (1) above, in accordance with comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration for women.

A list of preventive services can be found at

http://www.hhs.gov/healthcare/facts/factsheets/2010/07/preventive-services-list.html.

Covered Preventive Services for Adults including:

- 1. Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm one-time screening for men of specified ages who have ever smoked;
- 2. Alcohol Misuse screening and counseling;
- 3. Aspirin use for men and women of certain ages;
- 4. Blood Pressure screening for all adults;
- 5. Cholesterol screening for adults of certain ages or at higher risk;
- 6. Colorectal Cancer screening for adults over 50;
- 7. Depression screening for adults;
- 8. Type 2 Diabetes screening for adults with high blood pressure;
- 9. Diet counseling for adults at higher risk for chronic disease;
- 10. HIV screening for all adults at higher risk;
- 11. Immunization vaccines for adults--doses, recommended ages, and recommended populations vary:
 - Hepatitis A
 - Hepatitis B
 - Herpes Zoster
 - Human Papillomavirus
 - Influenza (Flu Shot)
 - Measles, Mumps, Rubella
 - Meningococcal
 - Pneumococcal
 - Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis
 - Varicella
- 12. Obesity screening and counseling for all adults
- 13. Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) prevention counseling for adults at higher risk
- 14. Tobacco Use screening for all adults and cessation interventions for tobacco users
- 15. Syphilis screening for all adults at higher risk.

Covered Preventive Services for Women, Including Pregnant Women. Benefits include:

- 1. Anemia screening on a routine basis for pregnant women;
- 2. Bacteriuria urinary tract or other infection screening for pregnant women;
- 3. BRCA counseling about genetic testing for women at higher risk;
- 4. Breast Cancer Mammography screenings every 1 to 2 years for women over 40;
- 5. Breast Cancer Chemoprevention counseling for women at higher risk;
- 6. Breastfeeding comprehensive support and counseling from trained providers, as well as access to breastfeeding supplies, for pregnant and nursing women;
- 7. Cervical Cancer screening for sexually active women;
- 8. Chlamydia Infection screening for younger women and other women at higher risk;
- 9. Contraception: Food and Drug Administration-approved contraceptive methods, sterilization procedures, and patient education and counseling, not including abortifacient drugs;

- 10. Domestic and interpersonal violence screening and counseling for all women;
- 11. Folic Acid supplements for women who may become pregnant;
- 12. Gestational diabetes screening for women 24 to 28 weeks pregnant and those at high risk of developing gestational diabetes;
- 13. Gonorrhea screening for all women at higher risk;
- 14. Hepatitis B screening for pregnant women at their first prenatal visit;
- 15. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) screening and counseling for sexually active women;
- 16. Human Papillomavirus (HPV) DNA Test: high risk HPV DNA testing every three years for women with normal cytology results who are 30 or older;
- 17. *Medically necessary* bone mass measurement and for the diagnosis and treatment of osteoporosis for women;
- 18. Rh Incompatibility screening for all pregnant women and follow-up testing for women at higher risk;
- 19. Tobacco Use screening and interventions for all women, and expanded counseling for pregnant; tobacco users;
- 20. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI) counseling for sexually active women;
- 21. Syphilis screening for all pregnant women or other women at increased risk;
- 22. Well-woman visits to obtain recommended preventive services.

Covered Preventive Services for Children including:

- 1. Alcohol and Drug Use assessments for adolescents;
- 2. Autism screening for children at 18 and 24 months;
- 3. Behavioral assessments for children of all ages. Ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10; years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years.
- 4. Blood Pressure screening for children. Ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years;
- 5. Cervical Dysplasia screening for sexually active females;
- 6. Congenital Hypothyroidism screening for newborns;
- 7. Depression screening for adolescents;
- 8. Developmental screening for children under age 3, and surveillance throughout childhood;
- 9. Dyslipidemia screening for children at higher risk of lipid disorders. Ages: 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years;
- 10. Fluoride Chemoprevention supplements for children without fluoride in their water source;
- 11. Gonorrhea preventive medication for the eyes of all newborns:
- 12. Hearing screening for all newborns;
- 13. Height, Weight and Body Mass Index measurements for children. Ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years.
- 14. Hematocrit or Hemoglobin screening for children;
- 15. Hemoglobinopathies or sickle cell screening for newborns;
- 16. HIV screening for adolescents at higher risk;
- 17. Immunization vaccines for children from birth to age 18 —doses, recommended ages, and recommended populations vary:
 - Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis;
 - Haemophilus influenzae type b;
 - Hepatitis A;
 - Hepatitis B;
 - Human Papillomavirus;
 - Inactivated Poliovirus;

- Influenza (Flu Shot);
- Measles, Mumps, Rubella;
- Meningococcal;
- Pneumococcal;
- Rotavirus;
- Varicella.
- 18. Iron supplements for children ages 6 to 12 months at risk for anemia;
- 19. Lead screening for children at risk of exposure;
- 20. Medical History for all children throughout development. Ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years;
- 21. Obesity screening and counseling;
- 22. Oral Health risk assessment for young children. Ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years;
- 23. Phenylketonuria (PKU) screening for this genetic disorder in newborns;
- 24. Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) prevention counseling and screening for adolescents at higher risk;
- 25. Tuberculin testing for children at higher risk of tuberculosis. Ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years.
- 26. Vision screening for all children.

Benefits for preventive health services listed in this provision, except under the administration of reasonable medical management techniques discussed in the next paragraph, are exempt from any deductibles and coinsurance provisions under the *policy* when the services are provided by a *network provider*.

Benefits for covered expenses for preventive care expense and chronic disease management benefits may include the use of reasonable medical management techniques authorized by federal law to promote the use of high value preventive services from *network providers*. Reasonable medical management techniques may result in the application of deductibles, coinsurance provisions, or *copayment amounts* to services when a *covered person* chooses not to use a high value service that is otherwise exempt from deductibles, coinsurance provisions, and *copayment amounts*, when received from a *network provider*.

As new recommendations and guidelines are issued, those services will be considered covered expenses when required by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services, but not earlier than one year after the recommendation or guideline is issued.

Newborns' And Mothers' Health Protection Act Statement Of Rights

If services provided or expenses incurred for *hospital* confinement in connection with childbirth are otherwise included as *covered service expenses*, *we* will not limit the number of days for these expenses to less than that stated in this provision.

Under federal law, health insurance issuers generally may not restrict benefits otherwise provided for any *hospital* length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery or less than 96 hours following a delivery by cesarean section. However, *we* may provide benefits for *covered service expenses* incurred for a shorter stay if the attending provider (e.g., *your* physician, nurse midwife or physician assistant), after consultation with the mother, discharges the mother or newborn earlier.

The level of benefits and out-of-pocket costs for any later part of the 48-hour (or 96-hour) stay will not be less favorable to the mother or newborn than any earlier part of the stay. *We* do not require that a physician or other health care provider obtain authorization for prescribing a length of stay of up to 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Note: This provision does not amend the *policy* to restrict any terms, limits, or conditions that may otherwise apply to *covered service expenses* for childbirth.

Transplant Expense Benefits

Covered Services For Transplant Service Expenses:

If we determine that a *covered person* is an appropriate candidate for a *listed transplant,* Medical Service Expense Benefits will be provided for:

- 1. Pre-transplant evaluation.
- 2. Pre-transplant harvesting.
- 3. Pre-transplant stabilization, meaning an *inpatient* stay to medically stabilize a *covered person* to prepare for a later transplant, whether or not the transplant occurs.
- 4. High dose chemotherapy.
- 5. Peripheral stem cell collection.
- 6. The transplant itself, not including the acquisition cost for the organ or bone marrow (except at a *Center of Excellence*).
- 7. Post transplant follow-up.
- 8. Transportation for the *covered person*, any live donor, and the *immediate family* to accompany the *covered person* to and from the facility where the transplant will be performed.
- 9. Lodging for the *covered person*, any live donor and the immediate family accompanying the *covered person* while the *covered person* is confined. We will pay the costs directly for transportation and lodging, however, you must make the arrangements.

Coverage for Transportation and Lodging related to transplants is limited to \$10,000 per transplant Transplant Donor Expenses:

We will cover the medical expenses incurred by a live donor as if they were medical expenses of the *covered* person if:

- 1. They would otherwise be considered *covered service expenses* under the *policy*;
- 2. The *covered person* received an organ or bone marrow of the live donor; and
- 3. The transplant was a *listed transplant*.

Ancillary "Center Of Excellence" Service Benefits:

A covered person may obtain services in connection with a listed transplant from any physician. However, if a listed transplant is performed in a Center of Excellence, Covered service expenses for the listed transplant will include the acquisition cost of the organ or bone marrow.

Non-Covered Services And Exclusions:

No benefits will be provided or paid under these Transplant Expense Benefits:

- 1. For search and testing in order to locate a suitable donor except for unrelated searches for bone marrow/stem cell transplants for a covered transplant procedure benefits are covered as approved by *us* up to a \$30,000 limit. *You* will be responsible for 50% of search charges. Please note, these charges will not apply to your out-of-pocket limit;
- 2. For a prophylactic bone marrow harvest or peripheral blood stem cell collection when no *listed transplant* occurs;

- 3. For animal to human transplants;
- 4. For artificial or mechanical devices designed to replace a human organ temporarily or permanently;
- 5. To keep a donor alive for the transplant operation;
- 6. For procurement or transportation of the organ or tissue, unless expressly provided for in this provision;
- 7. For a live donor where the live donor is receiving a transplanted organ to replace the donated organ;
- 8. Related to transplants not included under this provision as a listed transplant;
- 9. For a listed transplant under study in an ongoing phase I or II clinical trial as set forth in the United States Food and Drug Administration ("USFDA") regulation, regardless of whether the trial is subject to USFDA oversight.

Limitations on Transplant Expenses Benefits:

In addition to the exclusions and limitations specified elsewhere in this section:

- 1. If a designated *Center of Excellence* is not used, covered expenses for a *listed transplant* will be limited to a maximum for all expenses associated with the transplant. See the Schedule of Benefits for benefit levels or additional limits; and
- 2. If a designated *Center of Excellence* is not used, the acquisition cost for the organ or bone marrow is not covered.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Prior Authorization Required

Some *covered service expenses* require prior authorization. In general, *network providers* must obtain authorization from *us* prior to providing a service or supply to a *covered person*. However, there are some *network eligible service expenses* for which *you* must obtain the prior authorization.

For services or supplies that require prior authorization, *you* must obtain authorization from *us* before the *covered person*:

- 1. Receives a service or supply from a non-network provider;
- 2. Is admitted into a *network* facility by a non-*network provider*; or
- 3. Receives a service or supply from a *network provider* to which the *covered person* was referred by a non-network provider.

The following services or supplies require prior authorization:

- 1. Hospital confinements;
- 2. Hospital confinement as the result of a medical emergency;
- 3. Hospital confinement for psychiatric care;
- 4. *Outpatient surgeries* and *major diagnostic tests*;
- 5. All inpatient services;
- 6. Extended care facility confinements;
- 7. Rehabilitation facility confinements;
- 8. *Skilled nursing facility* confinements:
- 9. *Transplants;* and
- 10. Chemotherapy, *specialty drugs* and biotech medications.

Except for *medical emergencies*, Prior Authorization must be obtained before services are rendered or expenses are *incurred*.

How To Obtain Prior Authorization

To obtain prior authorization or to confirm that a *network provider* has obtained prior authorization, contact *us* by telephone at the telephone number listed on *your* health insurance identification card before the service or supply is provided to the *covered person*.

Failure To Obtain Prior Authorization

Failure to comply with the prior authorization requirements will result in benefits being reduced. Please see the *policy* Schedule of Benefits for specific details.

There is a penalty if treatment is not authorized prior to service. The penalty is a 20% reduction of the eligible expenses for all charges related to the treatment up to a \$10,000 maximum. The penalty applies to all otherwise eligible expenses that are:

- Incurred for treatment without prior authorization;
- Incurred during additional *hospital* days without prior authorization; or
- Determined to be inappropriately authorized following a retrospective review, or inappropriately authorized due to misrepresentation of facts or false statements.

Network providers cannot bill *you* for services for which they fail to obtain prior authorization as required.

Benefits will not be reduced for failure to comply with prior authorization requirements prior to an *emergency*. However, *you* must contact *us* as soon as reasonably possible after the *emergency* occurs.

Prior Authorization Does Not Guarantee Benefits

Our authorization does not guarantee either payment of benefits or the amount of benefits. Eligibility for, and payment of, benefits are subject to all terms and conditions of the *policy*.

Requests For Predeterminations

You may request a predetermination of coverage. *We* will provide one if circumstances allow *us* to do so. However, *we* are not required to make a predetermination of either coverage or benefits for any particular treatment or medical expense. Any predetermination *we* may make will be reviewed after the medical expense is incurred and a claim is filed. A review that shows one or more of the following may cause *us* to reverse the predetermination:

- 1. The predetermination was based on incomplete or inaccurate information initially received by *us.*
- 2. The medical expense has already been paid by someone else.
- 3. Another party is responsible for payment of the medical expense.

We will make all benefit determinations after a *loss* in good faith. All benefit determinations are subject to *our* receipt of proper *proof of loss*.

If we authorize a proposed admission, treatment, or covered service expense by a network provider based upon the complete and accurate submission of all necessary information relative to an eligible covered person, we shall not retroactively deny this authorization if the network provider renders the covered service expense in good faith and pursuant to the authorization and all of the terms and conditions of the network provider's policy with us.

GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

No benefits will be provided or paid for:

- 1. Any service or supply that would be provided without cost to the *covered person* in the absence of insurance covering the charge.
- 2. Expenses/surcharges imposed on the *covered person* by a provider (including a *hospital*) but that are actually the responsibility of the provider to pay.
- 3. Any services performed by a member of a covered person's immediate family.
- 4. Any services not identified and included as *covered service expenses* under the *policy. You* will be fully responsible for payment for any services that are not *covered service expenses*.

Even if not specifically excluded by this *policy*, no benefit will be paid for a service or supply unless it is:

- 1. Administered or ordered by a physician; and
- 2. *Medically necessary* to the diagnosis or treatment of an *injury* or *illness*, or covered under the Preventive Care Expense Benefits provision.

Covered service expenses will not include, and no benefits will be provided or paid for any charges that are incurred:

- 1. For services or supplies that are provided prior to the *effective date* or after the termination date of this *policy*, except as expressly provided for under the Benefits After Coverage Terminates clause in this *policy's* Termination section.
- 2. For any portion of the charges that are in excess of the eligible service expense.
- 3. For weight modification, or for surgical treatment of obesity, including wiring of the teeth and all forms of intestinal bypass *surgery*. This exclusion does not apply to myocardial infarction; excessive nausea/vomiting; pneumonia; and exacerbation of co-morbid medical conditions during the procedure or in the immediate post-operative time frame.
- 4. For breast reduction or augmentation.
- 5. For modification of the physical body in order to improve the psychological, mental, or emotional well-being of the *covered person*, such as sex-change *surgery*.
- 6. For the reversal of sterilization and vasectomies.
- 7. For abortion (unless the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term).
- 8. For expenses for television, telephone, or expenses for other persons.
- 9. For marriage, family, or child counseling for the treatment of premarital, marriage, family, or child relationship dysfunctions.
- 10. For telephone consultations or for failure to keep a scheduled appointment.
- 11. For *hospital* room and board and nursing services for the first Friday or Saturday of an *inpatient* stay that begins on one of those days, unless it is an *emergency*, or *medically necessary inpatient surgery* is scheduled for the day after the date of admission.
- 12. For stand-by availability of a *medical practitioner* when no treatment is rendered.
- 13. For *dental service expenses*, including braces for any medical or dental condition, *surgery* and treatment for oral *surgery*, except as expressly provided for under Medical Service Expense Benefits.
- 14. For *cosmetic treatment*, except for *reconstructive surgery* that is incidental to or follows *surgery* or an *injury* that was covered under the *policy* or is performed to correct a birth defect.
- 15. For diagnosis or treatment of learning disabilities.
- 16. For high dose chemotherapy prior to, in conjunction with, or supported by *ABMT/BMT*, except as specifically provided under the Transplant Service Expense Benefits.

- 17. For eye refractive *surgery*, when the primary purpose is to correct nearsightedness, farsightedness, or astigmatism.
- 18. While confined primarily to receive *rehabilitation*, *custodial care*, educational care, or nursing services (unless expressly provided for in this *policy*).
- 19. For vocational or recreational therapy, vocational *rehabilitation*, outpatient speech therapy, or occupational therapy, except as expressly provided for in this *policy*.
- 20. For alternative or complementary medicine using non-orthodox therapeutic practices that do not follow conventional medicine. These include, but are not limited to, wilderness therapy, outdoor therapy, boot camp, equine therapy, and similar programs.
- 21. For eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, eye refraction, visual therapy, or for any examination or fitting related to these devices, except as expressly provided in this *policy*.
- 22. For experimental or investigational treatment(s) or unproven services. The fact that an experimental or investigational treatment or unproven service is the only available treatment for a particular condition will not result in benefits if the procedure is considered to be an experimental or investigational treatment or unproven service for the treatment of that particular condition.
- 23. As a result of an *injury* or *illness* arising out of, or in the course of, employment for wage or profit, if the *covered person* is insured, or is required to be insured, by workers' compensation insurance pursuant to applicable state or federal law. If *you* enter into a settlement that waives a *covered person's* right to recover future medical benefits under a workers' compensation law or insurance plan, this exclusion will still apply. In the event that the workers' compensation insurance carrier denies coverage for a *covered person's* workers' compensation claim, this exclusion will still apply unless that denial is appealed to the proper governmental agency and the denial is upheld by that agency.
- 24. As a result of:
 - a. An *injury* or *illness* caused by any act of declared or undeclared war.
 - b. The *covered person* taking part in a riot.
- 25. For or related to surrogate parenting.
- 26. For or related to treatment of hyperhidrosis (excessive sweating).
- 27. For fetal reduction surgery.
- 28. Except as specifically identified as a *covered service expense* under the *policy*, services or expenses for alternative treatments, including acupressure, acupuncture, aroma therapy, hypnotism, massage therapy, rolfing, and other forms of alternative treatment as defined by the Office of Alternative Medicine of the National Institutes of Health.
- 29. As a result of any *injury* sustained while at a *residential treatment facility*.
- 30. For *prescription drugs* for any *covered person* who enrolls in Medicare Part D as of the date of his or her enrollment in Medicare Part D. Prescription drug coverage may not be reinstated at a later date.
- 31. For the following miscellaneous items: artificial Insemination (except where required by federal or state law); biofeedback; blood and blood products; care or complications resulting from non-covered services; chelating agents; domiciliary care; food and food supplements, except for what is indicated in the Medical Foods section; routine foot care, foot orthotics or corrective shoes; health club covered personships, unless otherwise covered; home test kits; care or services provided to a non-covered person biological parent; nutrition or dietary supplements; pre-marital lab work; processing fees; rehabilitation services for the enhancement of job, athletic or recreational performance; routine or elective care outside the service area; sclerotherapy for varicose veins; treatment of spider veins; smoking cessation drugs, programs or services, except where required by federal or state law; transportation expenses, unless specifically described in this policy;
- 32. For court ordered testing or care unless Medically Necessary.
- 33. Domiciliary care provided in a residential institution, treatment center, halfway house, or

- school because a *covered person*'s own home arrangements are not available or are unsuitable, and consisting chiefly of room and board, even if therapy is included.
- 34. Care provided or billed by residential treatment centers or facilities.
- 35. Services or care provided or billed by a school, Custodial Care center for the developmentally disabled,
- 36. Services or supplies eligible for payment under either federal or state programs (except Medicaid). This exclusion applies whether or not *you* assert *your* rights to obtain this coverage or payment of these services.
- 37. For adult dental x rays, supplies & appliances and all associated expenses, including hospitalization and anesthesia, except as required by law. The only exceptions to this are for any of the following:
 - a. transplant preparation.
 - b. initiation of immunosuppresives.
 - c. direct treatment of acute traumatic injury, cancer or cleft palate.

TERMINATION

Termination of Policy

All insurance will cease on termination of this *policy*. This *policy* will terminate on the earliest of:

- 1. Nonpayment of premiums when due, subject to the Grace Period provision in this *policy*;
- 2. The date we receive a request from you to terminate this policy, or any later date stated in your request;
- 3. The date *we* decline to renew this *policy*, as stated in the Discontinuance provision;
- 4. The date of *your* death, if this *policy* is an Individual Plan;
- 5. The date that a *covered person* accepts any direct or indirect contribution or reimbursement through wage adjustment or otherwise, by or on behalf of an employer for any portion of the premium for coverage under this *policy*, or the date a *covered person*'s employer and a *covered person* treat this *policy* as part of an employer-provided health plan for any purpose, including tax purposes;
- 6. The date a *covered person's* eligibility for insurance under this *policy* ceases due to losing network access as the result of a permanent move; or
- 7. The date a *covered person's* eligibility for insurance under this *policy* ceases due to any of the reasons stated in the Ongoing Eligibility section in this *policy*.

We will refund any premium paid and not earned due to policy termination.

If this *policy* is a family plan, it may be continued after *your* death:

- 1. By your spouse, if a covered person; otherwise,
- 2. By the youngest child who is a *covered person*.

This *policy* will be changed to a plan appropriate, as determined by *us*, to the *covered person(s)* that continue to be covered under it. *Your spouse* or youngest child will replace *you* as the primary *covered person*. A proper adjustment will be made in the premium required for this *policy* to be continued. *We* will also refund any premium paid and not earned due to *your* death.

Discontinuance

<u>90-Day Notice</u>: If *we* discontinue offering and refuse to renew all policys issued on this form, with the same type and level of benefits, for all residents of the state where *you* reside, *we* will provide a written notice to *you* at least 90 days prior to the date that *we* discontinue coverage. *You* will be offered an option to purchase any other coverage in the individual market *we* offer in *your* state at the time of discontinuance of this *policy*. This option to purchase other coverage will be on a guaranteed issue basis without regard to health status.

<u>180-Day Notice:</u> If *we* discontinue offering and refuse to renew all individual policys in the individual market in the state where *you* reside, *we* will provide a written notice to *you* and the Commissioner of Insurance at least 180 days prior to the date that *we* stop offering and terminate all existing individual policys in the individual market in the state where *you* reside.

Portability of Coverage

If a person ceases to be a *covered person* due to the fact that the person no longer meets the definition of *dependent* under the *policy*, the person will be eligible for continuation of coverage. If elected, *we* will continue the person's coverage under the *policy* by issuing an individual policy. The premium rate applicable to the new policy will be determined based on the *residence* of the person continuing coverage. All other terms and conditions of the new policy, as applicable to that person, will be the same as this *policy*, subject to any applicable requirements of the state in which that person resides. Any *deductible amounts* and maximum benefit

limits will be satisfied under the new policy to the extent satisfied under this *policy* at the time that the continuation of coverage is issued. If the original coverage contains a family deductible which must be met by all *covered persons* combined, only those expenses incurred by the *covered person* continuing coverage under the new policy will be applied toward the satisfaction of the *deductible amount* under the new policy.

Notification Requirements

It is the responsibility of *you* or *your* former *dependents* to notify *us* within 31 days of *your* legal divorce or *your dependents* marriage. *You* must notify *us* of the address at which their continuation of coverage should be issued.

Continuation of Coverage

We will issue the continuation of coverage:

- 1. No less than 30 days prior to a covered person's 26th birthday; or
- 2. No less than 30 days prior to a *dependent* 's 28th birthday if all of the following are true:
 - a. Is the natural child, stepchild or adopted child of the *covered person*.
 - b. Is a resident of Ohio or a full-time student at an accredited higher education institution.
 - c. Is not employed by an employer that offers any health benefit plan under which the *dependent* is eligible for coverage.
 - d. Is not eligible for coverage under Medicaid or Medicare.

For a child currently covered by a parent's *policy*, *we* will provide 60 day notice informing *you* that your child is about to reach the terminating age under the *policy*, and advise about the option to request the extension of coverage. We will include the steps to follow to obtain the cost information, as well as the steps to take in order to enroll for the extension of coverage. The *covered person* is responsible for notifying *us* that you wish to continue the coverage for the adult child.

- 3. Within 30 days after the date *we* receive timely notice of *your* legal divorce or *dependent's* marriage. *Your* former *dependent* must pay the required premium within 31 days following notice from *us* or the new *policy* will be void from its beginning;
- 4. Subject to the Ongoing Eligibility provision above;

Reinstatement

If any premium is not paid by the end of the grace period, *your* coverage will terminate. Re-application is necessary, unless termination resulted from inadvertent clerical error. If We accept premium and issue a conditional receipt upon approval of such application, or lacking such approval upon the forty-fifth day following the date of such conditional receipt, unless We have previously notified the insured in writing of our disapproval, coverage shall be reinstated.

The reinstated policy shall cover only loss resulting from accidental injury sustained after the date of reinstatement and loss due to sickness beginning more than ten (10) days after such date. In all other respects the insured and insurer shall have the same rights as they had under the policy immediately before the due date of the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions endorsed or attached hereto in connection with the reinstatement. Any premium accepted in connection with a reinstatement shall be applied to a period for which premium has not been previously paid, but not to any period more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of reinstatement.

Reinstatement shall not change any provisions of the *policy*.

Benefits After Coverage Terminates

Benefits for *covered service expenses* incurred after a *covered person* ceases to be covered are provided for certain *illnesses* and *injuries*. However, no benefits are provided if this *policy* is terminated because of:

- 1. A request by *you*;
- 2. Fraud or material misrepresentation on your part; or
- 3. *Your* failure to pay premiums.

The *illness* or *injury* must cause a *period of extended loss*, as defined below. The *period of extended loss* must begin before coverage of the *covered person* ceases under this *policy*. No benefits are provided for *covered service expenses* incurred after the *period of extended loss* ends.

In addition to the above, if this *policy* is terminated because *we* refuse to renew all policys issued on this form, with the same type and level of benefits, to residents of the state where *you* live, termination of this *policy* will not prejudice a claim for a *continuous loss* that begins before coverage of the *covered person* ceases under this *policy*. In this event, benefits will be extended for that *illness* or *injury* causing the *continuous loss*, but not beyond the earlier of:

- 1. The date the continuous loss ends; or
- 2. 12 months after the date renewal is declined.

During coverage for a *period of extended loss* or a *continuous loss*, as described above, the terms and conditions of this *policy*, including those stated in the Premiums section of this *policy*, will apply as though coverage had remained in force for that *illness* or *injury*.

REIMBURSEMENT

If a *covered person's illness* or *injury* is caused by the acts or omissions of a *third party*, we will not cover a *loss* to the extent that it is paid as part of a settlement or judgment by any *third party*.

However, if payment by or for the *third party* has not been made by the time *we* receive acceptable *proof of loss, we* will pay regular *policy* benefits for the *covered person's loss. We* will have the right to be reimbursed to the extent of benefits *we* provided or paid for the *illness* or *injury* if the *covered person* subsequently receives any payment from any *third party*. The *covered person* (or the guardian, legal representatives, estate, or heirs of the *covered person*) shall promptly reimburse *us* from the settlement, judgment, or any payment received from any *third party*.

As a condition for *our* payment, the *covered person* or anyone acting on his or her behalf (including, but not limited to, the guardian, legal representatives, estate, or heirs) agrees:

- 1. To fully cooperate with *us* in order to obtain information about the *loss* and its cause.
- 2. To immediately inform *us* in writing of any claim made or lawsuit filed on behalf of a *covered person* in connection with the *loss*.
- 3. To include the amount of benefits paid by *us* on behalf of a *covered person* in any claim made against any *third party*.
- 4. That we:
 - a. Will have a lien on all money received by a *covered person* in connection with the *loss* equal to the benefit amount *we* have provided or paid.
 - b. May give notice of that lien to any *third party* or *third party*'s agent or representative.
 - c. Will have the right to intervene in any suit or legal action to protect *our* rights.
 - d. Are subrogated to all of the rights of the *covered person* against any *third party* to the extent of the benefits paid on the *covered person*'s behalf.
 - e. May assert that subrogation right independently of the *covered person*.
- 5. To take no action that prejudices *our* reimbursement and subrogation rights.
- 6. To sign, date, and deliver to *us* any documents *we* request that protect *our* reimbursement and subrogation rights.
- 7. To not settle any claim or lawsuit against a *third party* without providing *us* with written notice of the intent to do so.
- 8. To reimburse *us* from any money received from any *third party*, to the extent of benefits *we* paid for the *illness* or *injury*, whether obtained by settlement, judgment, or otherwise, and whether or not the *third party's* payment is expressly designated as a payment for medical expenses.
- 9. That *we* may reduce other benefits under the *policy* by the amounts a *covered person* has agreed to reimburse *us*.

Furthermore, as a condition of *our* payment, *we* may require the *covered person* or the *covered person's* guardian, if the *covered person* is a minor or legally incompetent, to execute a written reimbursement agreement. However, the terms of this provision remain in effect regardless of whether or not an agreement is actually signed.

We have a right to be reimbursed in full regardless of whether or not the *covered person* is fully compensated by any recovery received from any *third party* by settlement, judgment, or otherwise.

We will not pay attorney fees or costs associated with the *covered person's* claim or lawsuit unless we previously agreed in writing to do so.

If a dispute arises as to the amount a *covered person* must reimburse *us*, the *covered person* or the guardian, legal representatives, estate, or heirs of the *covered person* agrees to place sufficient funds in an escrow or trust account to satisfy the maximum lien amount asserted by *us* until the dispute is resolved.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

The Coordination of Benefits (COB) provision applies when you have health care coverage under more than one Plan. Plan is defined below.

The order of benefit determination rules govern the order which each Plan will pay a claim for benefits. The Plan that pays first is called the Primary Plan. The Primary Plan must pay benefits according to its policy terms without regard to the possibility that another Plan may cover some expenses. The Plan that pays after the Primary Plan is the Secondary Plan. The Secondary Plan may reduce the benefits it pays so that payments from all Plans do not exceed 100 percent of the total Allowable Expense.

Definitions

For the purpose of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:

A Plan is any of the following that provides benefits or services for medical or dental care or treatment. If separate policys are used to provide coordinated coverage for *covered person*s of a group, the separate policys are considered parts of the same Plan and there is no COB among those separate policys.

- 1. Plan includes: Group and nongroup insurance policys; Health insuring corporation (HIC) policys; Coverage under group or nongroup closed panel plans (whether insured or uninsured); Medical care components of long term care policys, such as skilled nursing care; medical benefits under group or individual automobile policys; and Medicare or any other federal governmental plan as permitted by law.
- 2. Plan does not include: Hospital indemnity coverage or other fixed indemnity coverage; Accident only coverage; Specified disease or specified accident coverage; Supplemental coverage as described in Revised Cody sections 3923.37 and 1751.56; School accident-type coverage; Non-medical components of long term care policies; Medicare supplement policies; Medicaid policies; or coverage under other federal governmental plans, unless permitted by law.

Each policy for coverage under 1 and 2 above is a separate Plan. If a Plan has two parts and COB rules apply only to one of the two, each of the parts is treated as a separate Plan. This Plan means, in a COB provision the part of the Policy providing the health care benefits to which the COB provision applies and which may be reduced because of the benefits of other plans. Any other part of the Policy providing health care benefits is separate from this Plan. A policy may apply one COB provision to certain benefits, such as dental benefits, coordinating only with similar benefits, and may apply another COB provision to coordinate other benefits.

The order of benefit determination rules determine whether this Plan is a "Primary Plan" or "Secondary Plan" when you have health care coverage under more than one Plan. When this Plan is primary, it determines payment for its benefits first before those of any other Plan without considering any other Plan's benefits. When this Plan is secondary, it determines its benefits after those of another Plan and may reduce the benefits it pays so that all Plan benefits do not exceed 100% of the total Allowable Expense.

Allowable Expense is a health care expense, including deductibles, coinsurance and copayments, that is covered at least in part by any Plan covering you. When a Plan provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an Allowable Expense and a benefit paid. An expense that is not covered by any Plan covering you is not an Allowable Expense. In addition, any expense that a

provider by law or in accordance with a policy agreement is prohibited from charging you is not an Allowable Expense. The following are examples of expenses that are not Allowable Expenses:

- 1. The difference between the cost of a semi-private hospital room and a private hospital room is not an Allowable Expense, unless one of the Plans provides coverage for private hospital room expenses.
- 2. If you are covered by two or more plans that compute their benefit payments on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement method or other similar reimbursement method, any amount in excess of the highest reimbursement amount for a specific benefit is not an Allowable Expense.
- 3. If you are covered by two or more Plans that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, an amount in excess of the highest of the negotiated fees is not an Allowable Expense.
- 4. If you are covered by one Plan that calculates its benefits or services on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement methodology or other similar reimbursement methodology and another Plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the Primary plan's payment arrangement shall be the Allowable expense for all Plans. However, if the provider has contracted with the Secondary plan to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the Primary plan's payment arrangement and if the provider's policy permits, the negotiated fee or payment shall be the Allowable expense used by the Secondary plan to determine its benefits.
- 5. The amount of any benefit reduction by the Primary plan because you have failed to comply with the Plan provisions is not an Allowable expense. Examples of these types of plan provisions include second surgical opinions, precertification of admissions, and preferred provider arrangements.

Closed Panel Plan is a Plan that provides health care benefits to you primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the Plan, and that excludes coverage for services provided by other providers, except in cases of emergency or referral by a panel *covered person*.

Custodial Parent is the parent awarded custody by a court decree or, in the absence of a court decree, is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year excluding any temporary visitation.

Order of Benefit Determination Rules

When you are covered by two or more plans, the rules for determining the order of benefit payments are as follows. The Primary Plan pays or provides its benefits according to its terms of coverage and without regard to the benefits under any other plan. A plan that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision that is consistent with this regulation is always primary unless the provisions of both Plans state that the complying plan is primary, except coverage that is obtained by virtue of membership in a group that is designed to supplement a part of a basic package of benefits and provides that this supplementary coverage is excess to any other parts of the Plan provided by the policy holder. Examples include major medical coverage that are superimposed over base hospital and surgical benefits, and insurance type coverage that are written in connection with a Closed Panel Plan to provide out-of-network benefits. A Plan may consider the benefits paid or provided by another Plan in calculating payment of its benefits only when it is secondary to that other Plan. Each Plan determines its order of benefits using the first of the following rules that apply:

Non-Dependent or Dependent. The plan that covers you other than as a dependent, (for example as an employee, *covered person*, policyholder, subscriber or retiree) is the Primary Plan and the Plan that covers you as a dependent is the Secondary Plan. However, if you are a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the Plan covering you as a dependent, and primary to the Plan covering you as other than a dependent, then the order of benefits between the two plans is reversed so that the plan covering you as

an employee, *covered person*, policyholder, subscriber or retiree is the Secondary Plan and the other plan is the Primary Plan.

Dependent Child Covered Under More Than One Plan. Unless there is a court decree stating otherwise, when a child is covered by more than one Plan the order of benefits is determined as follows:

- 1. For a child whose parents are married or are living together, whether or not they have ever been married:
 - a. The Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the calendar year is the Primary Plan; or
 - b. If both parents have the same birthday, the Plan that has covered the parent the longest is the Primary Plan.
 - c. However, if one spouse's Plan has some other coordination rule (for example, a "gender rule" which says the father's plan is always primary), we will follow the rules of that Plan.
- 2. For a child whose parents are divorced or separated or not living together, whether or not they have ever been married:
 - a. If a court decree states that one of the parents is responsible for the child's health care expenses or health care coverage and the Plan of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that Plan is primary. This rule applies to claim determination periods commencing after the Plan is given notice of the court decree;
 - b. If a court decree states that both parents are responsible for the child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the provisions of paragraph a. above shall determine the order of benefits;
 - c. If a court decree states that the parents have joint custody without specifying that one parent has responsibility for the health care expenses or health care coverage of the child, the provisions of paragraph a. above determine the order of benefits; or
 - d. If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for the child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the order of benefits for the child are as follows:
 - The Plan covering the Custodial Parent, first;
 - The Plan covering the spouse of the Custodial Parent, second;
 - The Plan covering the noncustodial parent, third; and then
 - The Plan covering the spouse of the noncustodial parent, last.
- 3. For a child covered under more than one Plan of individuals who are not the parents of the child, the provisions of paragraph a. or b. above shall determine the order of benefits as if those individuals were the parents of the child.

Active Employee or Retired or Laid-off Employee

The Plan that covers you as an active employee, that is, an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, is the Primary Plan. The Plan covering you as a retired or laid-off employee is the Secondary Plan. The same would hold true if you are a dependent of an active employee and you are a dependent of a retired or laid-off employee. If the other Plan does not have this rule, and as a result, the Plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This rule does not apply if the rule under the Non-Dependent or Dependent provision above can determine the order of benefits.

COBRA or State Continuation Coverage

If your coverage is provided under COBRA or under a right of continuation provided by state or other federal law is covered under another Plan, the Plan covering you as an employee, covered person, subscriber or retiree or covering you as a dependent of an employee, covered person, subscriber or retiree is the Primary Plan and the COBRA or state or other federal continuation coverage is the Secondary Plan. If the other Plan does not have this rule, and as a result, the Plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This rule does not apply

if the rule under the Non-Dependent or Dependent provision above can determine the order of benefits.

Longer or Shorter Length of Coverage

The Plan that covered you as an employee, *covered person*, policyholder, subscriber or retiree longer is the Primary Plan and the Plan that covered you the shorter period of time is the Secondary Plan. If the preceding rules do not determine the order of benefits, the Allowable Expenses must be shared equally between the Plans meeting the definition of Plan. In addition, this Plan will not pay more than it would have paid had it been the Primary Plan.

Effect on the Benefits of This Plan

When this plan is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all Plans during a Plan year are not more than the total Allowable Expenses. In determining the amount to be paid for any claim, the Secondary Plan must calculate the benefits it would have paid in the absence of other health care coverage and apply that calculated amount to any Allowable Expense under its Plan that is unpaid by the Primary Plan. The secondary Plan may then reduce its payment by the amount so that, when combined with the amount paid by the Primary Plan, the total benefits paid or provided by all Plans for the claim do not exceed the total Allowable Expense for that claim. In addition, the Secondary Plan must credit to its plan deductible any amounts it would have credited to its deductible in the absence of other health care coverage. If you are enrolled in two or more Closed Panel Plans and if, for any reason, including the provision of service by a non-panel provider, benefits are not payable by one Closed Panel Plan, COB shall not apply between that Plan and other Closed Panel Plan.

Right to Receive and Release Needed Information

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these COB rules and to determine benefits payable under This Plan and other Plans. We may get the facts we need from or give them to other organizations or persons for the purpose of applying these rules and determining benefits payable under This Plan and other Plans covering you. We need not tell, or get the consent of, any person to do this. You, to claim benefits under This Plan, must give us any facts we need to apply those rules and determine benefits payable.

Facility of Payment

A payment made under another Plan may include an amount that should have been paid under This plan . If it does, we may pay that amount to the organization that made that payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid under This plan . We will not have to pay that amount again. The term " payment made " includes providing benefits in the form of services, in which case " payment made " means the reasonable cash value of the benefits provided in the form of services.

Right of Recovery

If the amount of the payments made by us is more than it should have paid under this **COB** provision, we may recover the excess from one or more of the persons we have paid or for whom we have paid, or any other person or organization that may be responsible for the benefits or services provided for you. The "amount of the payments made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Coordination Disputes

If you believe that we have not paid a claim properly, you should first attempt to resolve the problem by contacting us at 1-800-477-7870 or via our website at www.celtic-net.com. If you are still not satisfied, you may call the Ohio Department of Insurance for instructions on filing a consumer complaint. Call 1-800-686-1526, or visit the Department's website at https://insurance.ohio.gov.

CLAIMS

Notice of Claim

We must receive notice of claim within 30 days of the date the *loss* began or as soon as reasonably possible.

Proof of Loss

You or your covered dependent must give us written proof of loss within 90 days of the loss or as soon as is reasonably possible. Proof of loss furnished more than one year late will not be accepted, unless you or your covered dependent had no legal capacity in that year.

Cooperation Provision

Each *covered person*, or other person acting on his or her behalf, must cooperate fully with *us* to assist *us* in determining *our* rights and obligations under the *policy*.

Time for Payment of Claims

Benefits will be paid within 30 days after receipt of *proof of loss*. Should we determine that additional supporting documentation is required to establish responsibility of payment, we shall pay benefits within 45 days after receipt of *proof of loss*. If we do not pay within such period, we shall pay interest at the rate of 18 percent per annum from the 30th day after receipt of such proof of loss to the date of late payment.

Payment of Claims

Except as set forth in this provision, all benefits are payable to *you*. Any accrued benefits unpaid at *your* death, or *your dependent's* death may, at *our* option, be paid either to the beneficiary or to the estate. If any benefit is payable to *your* or *your dependent's* estate, or to a beneficiary who is a minor or is otherwise not competent to give valid release, *we* may pay up to \$1,000 to any relative who, in *our* opinion, is entitled to it.

We may pay all or any part of the benefits provided by this *policy* for *hospital*, surgical, nursing, or medical services, directly to the *hospital* or other person rendering such services.

Any payment made by *us* in good faith under this provision shall fully discharge *our* obligation to the extent of the payment. *We* reserve the right to deduct any overpayment made under this *policy* from any future benefits under this *policy*.

Foreign Claims Incurred For Emergency Care

Claims incurred outside of the United States for *emergency* care and treatment of a *covered person* must be submitted in English or with an English translation. Foreign claims must include the applicable medical records in English to show proper *proof of loss*.

Assignment

We will reimburse a hospital or health care provider if:

- 1. Your health insurance benefits are assigned by you in writing; and
- 2. *We* approve the assignment.

Any assignment to a *hospital* or person providing the treatment, whether with or without *our* approval, shall not confer upon such *hospital* or person, any right or privilege granted to *you* under the *policy* except for the right to receive benefits, if any, that *we* have determined to be due and payable.

Custodial Parent

This provision applies if the parents of a covered *eligible child* are divorced or legally separated and both the custodial parent and the non-custodial parent are subject to the same court or administrative order establishing custody. The custodial parent, who is not a *covered person*, will have the rights stated below if *we* receive a copy of the order establishing custody.

Upon request by the custodial parent, we will:

- 1. Provide the custodial parent with information regarding the terms, conditions, benefits, exclusions and limitations of the *policy*;
- 2. Accept claim forms and requests for claim payment from the custodial parent; and
- 3. Make claim payments directly to the custodial parent for claims submitted by the custodial parent. Payment of claims to the custodial parent, which are made under this provision, will fully discharge *our* obligations.

A custodial parent may, with *our* approval, assign claim payments to the *hospital* or *medical practitioner* providing treatment to an *eligible child*.

Physical Examination

We shall have the right and opportunity to examine a *covered person* while a claim is pending or while a dispute over the claim is pending. These examinations are made at *our* expense and as often as *we* may reasonably require.

Legal Actions

No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this policy prior to the expiration of sixty days after written proof of loss has been furnished in accordance with the requirements of this policy. No such action shall be brought after the expiration of three years after the time written proof of loss is required to be furnished.

No action at law or in equity may be brought against *us* under the *policy* for any reason unless the *covered person* first completes all the steps in the complaint/*appeal* procedures made available to resolve disputes in *your* state under the *policy*. After completing that complaint/*appeal* procedures process, if *you* want to bring legal action against *us* on that dispute, *you* must do so within three years of the date *we* notified *you* of the final decision on *your* complaint/*appeal*.

Grievance Process

A grievance or complaint is an expression of dissatisfaction regarding our products or services. You or your designee may submit a grievance verbally or in writing. Depending on the nature of the grievance and whether or not a response is requested, we will respond verbally and/or in writing within thirty (30) business days following receipt of the grievance, or should a *covered person*'s medical condition necessitate an expedited review, a response within seven (7) days.

The response will state the reason for our decision, and inform the *covered person* of the right to pursue a further review, and explain the procedures for initiating such review. Grievances will be considered when measuring the quality and effectiveness of our products and services.

How To Contact Us

Address:

Celtic Insurance Company
233 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606-6393
Phone No. 1-800-477-7870

Fax No. 1-800-678-9311 Website: <u>www.celtic-net.com</u>

INTERNAL CLAIMS AND APPEALS PROCEDURES AND EXTERNAL REVIEW

Overview

Internal Claims and Appeals Procedures: When a health insurance plan denies a claim for a treatment or service (a claim for plan benefits, *you* have already received (*post-service claim* denial) or denies *your* request to authorize treatment or service (*pre-service claim* denial), *you*, or someone *you* have authorized to speak on *your* behalf (an authorized representative), can request an appeal of the plan's decision. If the plan rescinds *your* coverage or denies *your* application for coverage, *you* may also appeal the plan's decision. When the plan receives *your* appeal, it is required to review its own decision. When the plan makes a claim decision, it is required to notify *you* (provide notice of an *adverse benefit determination*):

- The reasons for the plan's decision;
- *Your* right to file appeal the claim decision
- Your right to request an external review; and
- The availability of a Consumer Assistance Program at The Ohio Department of Insurance.
- If *you* do not speak English, *you* may be entitled to receive appeals' information in *your* native language upon request.
- When *you* request an internal appeal, the plan must give *you* its decision as soon as possible, but no later than:
 - 72 hours after receiving *your* request when *you* are appealing the denial of a claim for urgent care. (If *your* appeal concerns urgent care, *you* may be able to have the internal appeal and external reviews take place at the same time.)
 - 30 days for appeals of denials of non-urgent care *you* have not yet received.
 - 60 days for appeals of denials of services *you* have already received (post-service denials).
 - No extensions of the maximum time limits are permitted unless *you* consent.

Continuing Coverage: The plan cannot terminate your benefits until all of the appeals have been exhausted. However, if the plan's decision is ultimately upheld, you may be responsible for paying any outstanding claims or reimbursing the plan for claims' payments it made during the time of the appeals.

Cost and Minimums for Appeals: There is no cost to *you* to file an appeal and there is no minimum amount required to be in dispute.

Emergency medical services: If the plan denies a claim for an *emergency* medical service, *your* appeal will be handled as an *urgent appeal*. The plan will advise you at the time it denies the claim that you can file an expedited internal appeal. If you have filed for an expedited internal appeal, you may also file for an expedited external review (see "Simultaneous urgent claim, expedited internal review and external review").

Your rights to file an appeal of denial of health benefits: You or your authorized representative, such as your

health care provider, may file the appeal for you, in writing, either by mail or by facsimile (fax). For an urgent request, you may also file an appeal by telephone:

<u>Please include in *your* written appeal or be prepared to tell us the following:</u>

- Name, address and telephone number of the insured person;
- The insured's health plan identification number:
- Name of health care provider, address and telephone number;
- Date the health care benefit was provided (if a post-claim denial appeal)
- Name, address and telephone number of an authorized representative (if appeal is filed by a person other than the insured); and
- A copy of the notice of *adverse benefit determination*.

Rescission of coverage: If the plan rescinds *your* coverage, *you* may file an appeal according to the following procedures. The plan cannot terminate *your* benefits until all of the appeals have been exhausted. Since a rescission means that no coverage ever existed, if the plan's decision to rescind is upheld, *you* will be responsible for payment of all claims for *your* health care services.

Time Limits for filing an internal claim or appeal: *You* must file the internal appeal within 180 days of the receipt of the notice of claim denial (an *adverse benefit determination*). Failure to file within this time limit may result in the company's declining to consider the appeal.

In general, the health plan may unilaterally extend the time for providing a decision on both pre-service and *post-service claims* for 15 days after the expiration of the initial period, if the plan determines that such an extension is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the plan. There is no provision for extensions in the case of claims involving urgent care.

Time Limits for an External Appeal: *You* have 180 days to file for an external review after receipt of the plan's final *adverse benefit determination*.

Your Rights to a Full and Fair Review. The plan must allow *you* to review the claim file and to present evidence and testimony as part of the internal claims and appeals process.

- The plan must provide *you*, free of charge, with any new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated by the plan (or at the direction of the plan) in connection with the claim; such evidence must be provided as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the date on which the notice of final internal adverse benefit determination is required to give *you* a reasonable opportunity to respond prior to that date; and
- Before the plan can issue a final internal *adverse benefit determination* based on a new or additional rationale, *you* must be provided, free of charge, with the rationale; the rationale must be provided as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the date on which the notice of final internal *adverse benefit determination* is required to be provided to give *you* a reasonable opportunity to respond prior to that date.

- The adverse determination must be written in a manner understood by *you*, or if applicable, *your* authorized representative and must include all of the following:
 - The titles and qualifying credentials of the person or persons participating in the first level review process (the reviewers);
 - Information sufficient to identify the claim involved, including the date of service, the health care provider;
 - A statement describing the availability, upon request, of the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning.
- As a general matter, the plan may deny claims at any point in the administrative process on the basis that it does not have sufficient information; such a decision; however, will allow *you* to advance to the next stage of the claims process.

Other Resources to help you

Department of Insurance: For questions about *your* rights or for assistance *you* may also contact the Consumer Services Division at The Ohio Department of Insurance (800) 686-1526.

Language services are available from the health benefit plan and from The Ohio Department of Insurance.

Your rights to appeal and the instructions for filing an appeal are described in the provisions following this Overview.

INTERNAL CLAIMS AND APPEALS

Non-urgent, pre-service claim denial

For a non-urgent *pre-service claim,* the plan will notify *you* of its decision as soon as possible but no later than 15 days after receipt of the claim.

If the plan needs more time, it will contact *you*, in writing, telling *you* the reasons why it needs more time and the date when it expects to have a decision for *you*, which should be no later than 15 days.

If the plan needs additional information from *you* before it can make its decision, it will provide a notice to *you*, describing the information needed. *You* will have 45 days from the date of the plan's notice to provide the information. If *you* do not provide the additional information, the plan can deny *your* claim. In which case, *you* may file an appeal.

The plan must make its decision within 48 hours after receipt of the information or at the end of the 45 days, whichever comes first.

Urgent Pre-service Care claim denial

If your claim for benefits is urgent, you or your authorized representative, or your health care provider (physician) may contact us with the claim, orally or in writing.

If the claim for benefits is one involving urgent care, we will notify *you* of our decision as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after we receive *your* claim provided *you* have given us information sufficient to make a decision.

If *you* have not given us sufficient information, we will contact *you* as soon as possible but no more than 24 hours after we receive *your* claim to let *you* know the specific information we will need to make a decision. *You* must give us the specific information requested as soon as *you* can but no later than 48 hours after we have asked *you* for the information.

We will notify *you* of our decision as soon as possible but no later than 48 hours after we have received the needed information or the end of the 48 hours *you* had to provide the additional information.

To assure *you* receive notice of our decision, we will contact *you* by telephone or facsimile (fax) or by another method meant to provide the decision to *you* quickly.

In determining whether a claim involves urgent care, the plan must apply the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine. However, if a physician with knowledge of your medical condition determines that a claim involves urgent care, or an emergency, the claim must be treated as an urgent care claim.

Simultaneous urgent claim and expedited internal review:

In the case of a claim involving urgent care, *you* or *your* authorized representative may also request an expedited internal review. A request for expedited internal review may be submitted orally or in writing by the claimant; and all necessary information, including the plan's benefit determination on review, shall be transmitted between the plan and the claimant by telephone, facsimile, or other expeditious method.

The *physician*, if the *physician* certifies, in writing, that the *you* has a medical condition where the time frame for completion of an expedited review of an internal appeal involving an *adverse benefit determination* would seriously jeopardize the life or health of *you* or jeopardize the *your* ability to regain maximum function, *you* may file a request for an expedited external review to be conducted simultaneously with the expedited internal appeal.

Simultaneous urgent claim, expedited internal review and external review:

You, or your authorized representative, may request an expedited external review if both the following apply

- (1) You have filed a request for an expedited internal review; and
- (2) After a final *adverse benefit determination*, if either of the following applies:
 - (a) *Your* treating *physician* certifies that the *adverse benefit determination* involves a medical condition that could seriously jeopardize the life or health of *you*, or would jeopardize *your* ability to regain maximum function, if treated after the time frame of a standard external review;
 - (b) The final *adverse benefit determination* concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care service for which *you* received emergency services, but has not yet been discharged from a facility.

Concurrent care decisions

Reduction or termination of ongoing plan of treatment: If *we* have approved an ongoing plan or course of treatment that will continue over a period of time or a certain number of treatments and *we* notify *you* that *we* have decided to reduce or terminate the treatment, *we* will give *you* notice of that decision allowing sufficient time to appeal the determination and to receive a decision from *us* before any interruption of care occurs.

Request to extend ongoing treatment: If *you* have received approval for an ongoing treatment and wish *to extend the treatment* beyond what has already been approved, *we* will consider *your* appeal as a request for urgent care. If *you* request an extension of treatment at least 24 hours before the end of the treatment period, *we* must notify *you* soon as possible but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.

An appeal of this decision is conducted according to the urgent care appeals procedures.

Concurrent urgent care and extension of treatment: Under the concurrent care provisions, any request that involves both urgent care and the extension of a course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments previously approved by the plan must be decided as soon as possible, taking into account the medical urgencies, and notification must be provided to the claimant within 24 hours after receipt of the claim, provided the request is made at least 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments.

Non-urgent request to extend course of treatment or number of treatments: If a request to extend a course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments previously approved by the plan does not involve urgent care, the request may be treated as a new benefit claim and decided within the timeframe appropriate to the type of claim, e.g., as a pre-service claim or a post-service claim.

If the request is not made at least 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments, the request must be treated as a claim involving urgent care and decided in accordance with the urgent care claim timeframes, e.g., as soon as possible, taking into account the medical emergencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt.

Post-service appeal of a claim denial (retrospective)

If your appeal is for a post-service claim denial, we will notify you of our decision as soon as possible but no later than 30 days after we have received your appeal. If we need more time, we will contact you, telling you about the reasons why we need more time and the date when we expect to have a decision for you, which should be no later than 15 days, provided that the we determine that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond our control, and we notify you prior to the expiration of the initial 30 days period. If the reason we need more time to make a decision is because you have not given us necessary information, you will have 45 days from the date we notify you to give us the information. We will describe the information needed to make our decision in the notice we send you. This is also known as a "retrospective review." The plan will notify you of its determination as soon as possible but no later than 5 days after the benefit determination is made.

The plan will let *you* know before the end of the first 30-day period, explaining the reason for the delay, requesting any additional information needed, and advising *you* when a final decision is expected. If more information is requested, *you* have at least 45 days to supply it. The claim then must be decided no later than 15 days after *you* supply the additional information or the period given by the plan to do so ends, whichever comes first. The plan must get *your* consent if it wants more time after its first extension. The plan must give *you* notice that *your* claim has been denied in whole or in part (paying less than 100% of the claim) before the end of the time allotted for the decision.

EXTERNAL REVIEW

Right to External Review

Under certain circumstances, *you* have a right to request an external review of *our* adverse benefit decision by an independent review organization or by the superintendent of insurance, or both.

If you have filed internal claims and appeals according with the procedures of this plan, and the plan has denied or refused to change its decision, or if the plan has failed, because of its actions or its failure to act, to provide you with a *final determination* of your appeal within the time permitted, or if the plan waives, in writing, the requirement to exhaust the internal claims and appeals procedures, you may make a request for an external review of an *adverse benefit determination*.

All requests for an external review must be made within 180 days of the date of the notice of the plan's *final adverse benefit determination*. Standard requests for an external review must be provided in writing; requests for expedited external reviews, including experimental/investigational, may be submitted orally or electronically. When an oral or electronic request for review is made, written confirmation of the request must be submitted to the plan no later than 5 days after the initial request was made.

Non-urgent request for an external review

Unless the request is for an expedited external review, the plan will initiate an external review within 5 days after it receives *your* written request if *your* request is complete. The plan will provide *you* with notice that it has initiated the external review that includes:

- (a) The name and contact information for the assigned independent review organization or the superintendent of insurance, as applicable, for the purpose of submitting additional information; and
- (b) Except for when an expedited request is made, a statement that the *you* may, with 10 business days after the date of receipt of the notice, submit, in writing, additional information for either the independent review organization or the superintendent of insurance to consider when conducting the external review.

If *your* **request is not complete**, the plan will notify *you* in writing and include information about what is needed to make the request complete.

If the plan denies *your* request for an external review on the basis that the adverse benefit determination is not eligible for an external review, the plan will notify *you*, in writing, the reasons for the denial and that *you* have a right to appeal the decision to the superintendent of insurance.

If the plan denies *your* request for an *external review* because *you* have failed to exhaust the Internal Claims and Appeals Procedure, *you* may request a written explanation, which the plan will provide to *you* within 10 days of receipt of *your* request, explaining the specific reasons for its assertion that *you* were not eligible for an external review because *you* did not comply with the required procedures.

Request for external review to superintendent of insurance: If the plan denies *your* request for an external review, *you* may file a request for the superintendent of insurance to review the plan's decision by contacting Consumer Services Division at 800-686-1526 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., eastern standard time or by sending a written request addressed to: Consumer Services, The Ohio Department of Insurance, 50 West Town St., Suite 300, Columbus, Ohio 43215. Information about external reviews is also available on the Department's website: www.insurance.ohio.gov.

If superintendent upholds the plan's decision: If you file a request for an external review with the superintendent, and if the superintendent upholds the plan's decision to deny the external review because you did not follow the plan's internal claims and appeals procedures, you must resubmit your appeal according to the plan's internal claims and appeals procedures within 10 days of the date of your receipt of the superintendent's decision. The clock will begin running on all of the required time periods described in the internal claims and appeals procedures when you receive this notice from the superintendent.

If the plan's failure to comply with its obligations under the *internal claims and appeals procedures* was considered (i) *de minimis*, (ii) not likely to cause prejudice or harm to *you* (claimant), (iii) because we had a good reason or our failure was caused by matters beyond our control (iv) in the context of an ongoing goodfaith exchange of information between the plan and *you* (claimant) or *your* authorized representative and (v) not part of a pattern or practice of our not following the internal claims and appeals procedures, then *you* will not be deemed to have exhausted the internal claims and appeals requirements. *You* may request an explanation of the basis for the plan's asserting that its actions meet this standard.

Expedited external review: *You* may have an expedited external review if *your* treating *physician* certifies that the *adverse benefit determin*ation involves a medical condition that could seriously jeopardize the life or health of *you* (claimant), or would jeopardize *your* ability to regain maximum function if treated after the time frame for a standard external review; or the final *adverse benefit determination* concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care service for which *you* received *emergency* services, but have not yet been discharged from a facility.

The request may be made orally or electronically by *you* or *your* health care provider.

Expedited external review for experimental and/or investigational treatment:_You may request an external review of an adverse benefit determination based on the conclusion that a requested health care service is *experimental or investigational*, except when the requested health care service is explicitly listed as an excluded benefit under the terms of the health benefit plan.

To be eligible for an external review under this provision, *your* treating *physician* shall certify that one of the following situations is applicable:

- (1) Standard health care services have not been effective in improving *your* condition;
- (2) Standard health care services are not medically appropriate for *you*; or
- (3) There is no available standard health care service covered by the health plan issuer that is more beneficial than requested health care service.

The request for an expedited external review under this provision may be requested orally or by electronically. For Expedited/Urgent requests, *your* health care provider can orally make the request on *your* behalf.

If the request for an expedited external review is complete and eligible, the plan will immediately provide or transmit all necessary documents and information considered in making the adverse benefit determination in question to the assigned independent review organization (IRO) by telephone, facsimile or other available expeditious method.

If the request is not complete, we will notify you immediately, including what is needed to make the request complete.

Independent Review Organization: An external review is conducted by an independent review organization (IRO) selected on a random basis as determined in accordance with Ohio law. The IRO will provide *you* with a written notice of its decision to either uphold or reverse the plan's *adverse benefit determination* within 30 days of receipt of a standard external review (not urgent).

If an expedited external review (urgent) was requested, the IRO will provide a determination as soon as possible or within 72 hours of receipt of the expedited request. The IRO's decision is binding on the company. If the IRO reverses the health benefit plan's decision, the plan will immediately provide coverage for the health care service or services in question.

If the superintendent or IRO requires additional information from *you* or *your* health care provider, the plan will tell *you* what is needed to make the request complete.

If the plan reverses its decision: If the plan decides to reverse its adverse determination before or during the external review, the plan will notify *you*, the IRO, and the superintendent of insurance within one business day of the decision.

After receipt of health care services: No expedited review is available for *adverse benefit determinations* made after receipt of the health care service or services in question.

Emergency medical services: If plan denies coverage for an *emergency* medical service, the plan will also advise at the time of denial that *you* request an expedited internal and external review of the plan's decision.

Review by the superintendent of insurance: If the plan has made an adverse benefit determination based on a policy issue (e.g., whether a service or services are covered under *your* policy of insurance), *you* may request an external review by the superintendent of insurance.

If the IRO and Superintendent uphold the plan's decision, *you* may have a right to file a lawsuit in any court having jurisdiction.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Entire Policy

This *policy*, with the application, *S*chedule of Benefits and any rider-amendments is the entire policy between *you* and *us*. No change in this *policy* will be valid unless it is approved by one of *our* officers and noted on or attached to this *policy*. No agent may:

- 1. Change this *policy*;
- 2. Waive any of the provisions of this *policy*;
- 3. Extend the time for payment of premiums; or
- 4. Waive any of *our* rights or requirements.

Non-Waiver

If we or you fail to enforce or to insist on strict compliance with any of the terms, conditions, limitations or exclusions of the *policy*, that will not be considered a waiver of any rights under the *policy*. A past failure to strictly enforce the *policy* will not be a waiver of any rights in the future, even in the same situation or set of facts.

Time Limit on Certain Defenses

After two years from the date of issue of this policy, no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the *covered person* on the application of this policy that relates to insurability will be used to void/rescind the insurance coverage or deny a claim unless:

- 1. The misrepresented fact is contained in a written application, including amendments, signed by a *covered person*;
- 2. A copy of the application, and any amendments, has been furnished to the *covered person(s)*, or to their beneficiary; and
- 3. The misrepresentation of fact was intentionally made and material to *our* determination to issue coverage to any *covered person*. A *covered person's* coverage will be voided/rescinded and claims denied if that person performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud. "Rescind" has a retroactive effect and means the coverage was never in effect.

Rescissions

No misrepresentation of fact made regarding a *covered person* during the application process that relates to insurability will be used to void/rescind the coverage or deny a claim unless:

- 1. The misrepresented fact is contained in a written application, including amendments, signed by a *covered person*;
- 2. A copy of the application, and any amendments, has been furnished to the *covered person(s)*, or to their beneficiary; and
- 3. The misrepresentation of fact was intentionally made and material to *our* determination to issue coverage to any *covered person*. A *covered person's* coverage will be voided/rescinded and claims denied if that person performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud. "Rescind" has a retroactive effect and means the coverage was never in effect.

We will provide you with 30 days advanced written notice in the event of a rescission.

Repayment For Fraud, Misrepresentation Or False Information

During the first two years a *covered person* is covered under the *policy*, if a *covered person* commits fraud, misrepresentation or knowingly provides false information relating to the eligibility of any *covered person*

under this *policy* or in filing a claim for *policy* benefits, *we* have the right to demand that *covered person* pay back to *us* all benefits that *we* provided or paid during the time the *covered person* was covered under the *policy*.

Conformity With State Laws

Any part of this *policy* in conflict with the laws of the state in which your *policy* was issued on this *policy's effective date* or on any premium due date is changed to conform to the minimum requirements of that state's laws.